Devoted to Politics, Agriculture, The Sciences, Mechanic Arts, Literature, Miscellaneous Reading, General Intelligence and Commercial Summaries

VOLUME 2.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, JULY 10, 1846.

NUMBER 52

THE FRIENDS OF OUR CHILDHOOD

SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON

JAMES W. BELLER.

(OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, A FEW DOORS ABOVE THE VALLEY BANK,)

VALLEY BANK,)

At \$2 00 in advance—\$2 50 if paid within the year—or \$3 00 if not paid until after the expiration of the year.

27 No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publisher, until arrearages are paid. Subscriptions for east than a year, must in all cases be paid in advance.

37 Distant subscriptions and advertisements must be paid in advance, or responsible persons living in the county guaranty the settlement of the same.

37 ADVERTISEMENTS will be inverted at the rate of

COUNTY GUARANTS HIS SETTLEMENTS WIll be inserted at the rate of \$1.00 per square for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the manuscript for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid, and CHARGED ACCORDINGEY. A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

WALTER & CO.,

No. 28, South Howard Street, BALTIMORE, LOUR Commission Merchants, and Dealers

FLOUR Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Country Produce generally. Liberal advances made on consignments. Refer to H. M. Brent, Esq. Cashier J. H. Sherrard, Esq., J. P. Reily, Esq. Sam'l Jones, Jr. Esq. Pres't B. d. O. R. R. Messrs. W. & S. Wyman, L. Landstreet & Son.

J. Landstreet & Son, Baltimore, June 26, 1846—6m

Bath Boarding House, BERKELEY SPRINGS, VIRGINIA. O'FERRALL & CO.

HIS celebrated bathing and watering place, was opened for the reception of company on the 25th inst. Their means of accommodating company has been greatly increased by which addition they will be enabled to provide amply for 150 persons in the most comfortable style.

In addition to their well known Boarding House,

they have leased the Pavilion Hotel, occupied for the last five years by Col. Strother. The lo-cation of these two buildings, and the easy access from them to the Ladias' as well as the gentle-mens' baths, render them decidedly preferable to any other establishment in the town, and more any other establishment in the town, and more especially for invalids, each house opening into the Bath Square, and within 50 to 100 feet of the main drinking spring and baths.

The public may rest assured that the comfort of

our guests will receive our never-tiring efforts, and to those who are acquainted with us, will, we trust, be a sufficient guarantee to receive a con

trust, be a sufficient guarantee to receive a continuance of their patronage.

If Hancock Diepot, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, is the styping point for this place, where coaches, &c., aro at all times ready to convey company to Bath. Bedford water, fresh from the coning for the accommodation of their leaves. company to Bath. Bedford water, fresh from the spring, for the accommodation of their boarders.

N. B.—A band of good music is engaged for the season. All communications to the subscribers will be promptly attended to.

The public's ob't servits,

June 26, 1846—t'. O'FERRALL & CO.

NOTICE.

IN the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery, for the County of Jefferson, May Term, 1846, Catharine Walsh and Margaret Walsh,

PLAINTIFFS, AGAINST

A James Walli, dec d, are nelectively ledward E. Edward E. Cooke, E-eq. Commissioner, &c., at his office in Charlestows, on or before the 15th day of August time proposals will be received.

B. C. WASHINGTON,

By AN ORDER OF COURT IN THE ABOVE CAUSE. June 19 1846-8w.

A CARD.

Brieving that misalprehensions may have authority of persons necessarily employed by the undersigned in the prosecution of his business, to contract pecuniary obligations on his name and account, he feels it to be due to the public and to himself, to declare that he has at no time empowered any one so to bind him; and he now gives notice, that hereafter as heretofore, no person ered any one so to bind him; and he now gives notice, that hereafter, as herectore, no person without his authority, especially given in writing, vill be permitted by any draft, bill, or contract of any kind, or founded upon any consideration, to impose on him any responsibility or obligation who soever.

HOPE H. SLATER.

Badmore, June 12, 1846—6t.

LAW NOTICE.

A NOREW KENNEDY has associated with him in the Practise of Law, his son John W. Kennedy. One of them will be always found at their office in Challestown. They will attend to business in all the Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick and Clarke counties.

ANDREW KENNEDY. May 8, 1846. JNO. W. KENNEDY.

Boots, Shoes and Brogans, Hats, Caps Trunks, Carpeting, Carpet Bags, &c.

Caps Trunks, Carpeting, Carpet Bags, de.

A T STEPHENS' Shoe Store, Harpers-Ferry, you will find no difficulty in making selections of the above goods—having within a few days received large additions—making my assortment complete, viz: Gentlemen's, Ladies', Misses', Boy's and Children's Boots and Shoes, of City and For an anufacture, of the most elestyles. In the Hat way, the well selected, viz: extrate, Silk and Pearl, to—ud Palm Leaf;—Caps, azed and Velvet; Hair and ang Trunks; Carpet Bags, and a yards of Carpeting, to close out, at oargains. Call and examine my Goods, and save 20 per cent.; it will be to the interest of all to do so, and I respectfully solicit a call, being satisfied you will not go away disappointed.

ARNOLD S. STEPHENS.

Harpers-Ferry; June 12, 1846—4t.

Selling off Cheap.

As the season is advanced, I will offer my en-tire remaining stock of Gentlemen's wear, such as Summer Cassimeres, Vestings, and goods for Summer Coats, at a fraction over cost. I will not keep goods over, if it be jossible to dispose of them, even at cost. So gentlemen can get a great by calling on me early.

J. J. MILLER.-

HANS.—Just received, another supply of those handsome Ivory-handled Fam, cheap.

June 19. J. J. MILLER.

HATS—Just received, a case of Fashionable pearl-colored Costimere Hati. Only 20 pearl-colored Cashmere Hath. Only \$2.

June 19.

AHLLER & TATE.

TOO SUPERIOR LOCUST POSTS—
May 29, 1846.

VIRGINIA HOTEL.

THE subscriber has leased for the ensuing year, that large and commodious "White House" at Harpers-Ferry, known as the VIR-GINIA HOTEL, and recently in the occupancy of Mr. James Walling. The Hotel will be under my charge from and after 1st July.

To the travelling public generally, the undersigned would say, that he takes charge of this Hotel with a determination that it shall be inferior to no other in the Valley of Virginia. On his TABLE will be found all the delicacies the markt can produce, and in his BAR, the choicest

Liquors that can be procured. Charges will be inderested to an expectation of the charges will be inderest. The choicest Liquors that can be procured. Charges will be inderest. The charges will be inderest. The charges will be inderested to give him at least one call. DINNER will be in waiting, daily, on the arrival of the Cars.

10 In 18 I Harpers-Ferry, Va., July 3, 1846.—tf.

Winchester Medical College.

THE Course of Lectures in this Institution will commence on the 1st Monday of October, and terminate on the last of May.

The chairs are filled by the following gentle

HUGH H. McGUIRE, M. D. Professor of Sur-

DANIEL CONRAD, M. D. Professor of Anatomy and Physiology: J. PHILIP SMITH, M. D. Professor of Theo-

ry and Practice of Medicine:
JOHN J. H. STRAITH, M. D. Professor of
Obstetrics, Diseases of Women and Children, and Medical Jurisprudence:
WM. A. BRADFORD, M. D. Professor of

Chemistry and Materia Medica. The Term of Instruction being 8 months, (dou ble the usual period,) will afford ample time to the Student, to revise and keep pace with the Lec-tures, thus obviating the necessity of preparatory study.

The Student will also have frequent opportuni-

ties of attending Clinics, and the very extensive surgical practice of the Professor of that branch, will afford a large field for observation and im-

Every facility will be afforded for acquiring a horough knowledge of Pratical Anatomy.

The fee for each course of Lectures is 20 do

Dissecting ticket 10 dollars. Boarding can be procured in Winchester, Va., at a very low rate, perhaps cheaper than any town in the Union of Individuals desirous of attending the Lectures

can procure information by applying to any of the Professors.

DANIEL CONRAD, Dean.
Winchester, Va., June 19, 1846.

N. B .- An announcement in pamphlet form detailing the course of each department, and the unusual advantages offered in this school, will be forwarded, on application to the Dean.

To Master Builders.

THE Vestry of the Episcopal Church in Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia, propose to enlarge and otherwise improve their Church, which is built of Brick, and is 45 feet square. The improvement to consist chiefly of an addition of 30 feet to the body of the House, including a Vestibula Particip front and a Towar or Steeple.

bule, Portico in front, and a Tower or Steeple.

No specific plan has been adopted—the committee prefering to invite from Builders disposed to contract, their own views and designs for the im-provement—for which purpose it will be necessary for them to visit the own, examine the building and grounds, and confer with the Committee, at which time also they will be expected to submit

A LL persons hiving claims against the said

James Waldi, dec'd, dec.,

Defendants.

The whole work will be given to the lowest, competent, and responsible bidder, whose plan may be adopted by the Committee.

It is desirable to have the contract entered into

immediately after the 1st of August, up to which ty is offered, I shall sell that desirable and

AND. KENNEDY, R. T. BROWN, N. S. WHITE,

Building Committee. June 26, 1846-6t.

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, &c. SILK Hale, a beautiful and late style;
Beaver to do do.,
Best fine Call Boots, at \$3 75, (City made;)

A very good atticle do at \$2 50; Fine Calf and Goat skin Shoes very low; Ladies' fine Morocco and Kid Shoes; Do Slippers at 371; Misses' Lasting Slippers 621;

Children's Shoes, assorted—just received and for sale by W. MILLER, Ag't. June 26, 1846.

For Harvest. 2 DOZEN genuine Eng. waldron Grain Scythes rec'd by S. HEFLEBOWER & CO. June 26.

For the Ladies.

A FEW pieces white Netting; fancy Cologne; Glove Cases, Hdkfs. do.
Perfumery; La Polka twist Corsets, received S. HEFELBOWER & CO.

Saddles for Sale.

FIVE of the very best and most fashionable Shafter Saddles, (Hicks' make,) for sale very Cheap for cash or good paper. W. S. LOCK.

NAILS; 50 kegs Nails assorted sizes, rec'd by June 26. S. HEFLEBOWER & CO. WROUGHT NAILS, received by June 26. S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.

TH OF JULY—Brother Jonathan on hand and for sale by June 26. S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.

VINEGAR—5 bbls. extra good Cider Vinegar June 26. GIBSON & HARRIS. BACON-A large lot of Prime Bacon.
June 26. GIBSON & HARRIS.

CRACKERS, Soda, Sugar and Water Crack-June 26. S. HEFLEBOWER & CO. RICE; 2 barrels rice, just received by June 26. S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.

RICE FLOUR:—Just recieved a case of fresh ground Rice. E. M. AISQUITH.

HOWER BATHS.—A few more left of those July 3. E. M. AISQUITH. Places of very cheap trans cloth, for skirts, E. M. AlsQUITH'S.

CIDER VINEGAR—For sale by June 26. KEYES & KEARSLEY. POWDER-10 Kegs Rock and Ritle Powder June 26. GIBSON & HARRIS. SALT—Ground Alum and fine Salt, by the ack.
GIBSON & HARRIS.

THE POTOMAC MILLS AND OTHER

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

In pursuance of a Decree of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson county, Virginia, rendered in the cases of Peter Sourwein and others, Plaintiffs, against George Reynolds and others, Defendants, and in the case of Joseph McMurran and others, against the same, Defendants, and Jacob Wolford, Plaintiff, against George Payandes and sthers the underside and street of the same of t eorge Reynolds and others, the undersinged, as Trustees and Commissioners, will

On the 11th day of July, 1846, before the Tavern of Daniel Entler, in Shepherds town, Jefferson county, Virginia, offer at public auction, for sale, that VERY EXTENSIVE and VALU-

Milling Establishment, known as the "Potomac Mills," With 10 or 12 Acres of Land adjacent thereto.

This property is considered as valuable as any other property of the description in the county.

The MILL HOUSE is of Brick, and very well SIX PAIR OF BURRS,

and commands the entire water-power of the Potomac river. Besides the Merchant Mill, there is a Saw Mill, of the most approved construction, a PLASTER MILL, and several large and well constructed permanent LIME KILNS, situated immediately on the river, and near the Mill, with every convenience for manufacturing Hy draulic Cement, upon the most extensive scale... Upon the premises are a large and well built.
Smoke-house, Blacksmith's Shop, several Work Shops, with a convenient

Dwelling house. To a Capitalist disposed to engage extensively in such business, a better investment is not easily

found. This property is situated on the Potomac river, convenient to the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal,

and to the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

The Terms of Sale will be—One-fourth of the purchase money in cash, the balance in three equal annual instalments of one, two, or three years, bearing interest from the day of sale, for which the purchaser is to give his bond with personal security, and further to secure by a deed of trust on the premises. And also that the purchaser shall insure said Mills against loss by fire, in the usual form, until the purchase money is paid in full, and for an amount equal to the deferred pay-ments, and that he do transfer the policy of insurance to the Trustee

AND AT THE SAME TIME AND PLACE and on the same terms, (except as to insurance,) Will be offered for sale, the

TRACT OF LAND.

Near the Potomac Mills, conveyed by Alexander Robinson and wife, to Henry Boteler, by deed, da-ted 8th August, 1817, and by Henry Boteler to Ceorge Reynolds, by deed, dated 5th June, 1835, except such part thereof as will be embraced in the Mill before mentioned. The whole tract is supposed to contain about 85 ACRES. -ALSO-

Another Tract of Land.

Adjoining the last mentioned Tract, containing about 85 ACRES, which was purchased by Boteler and Reynolds, from the devisees of Jacob Bedinger, deceased.

E. I. LEE,

JAMES M. MASON,

WM. B. THOMPSON,

June 12, 1846—ts.

Trustees and Com'rs. At the same time and place,

And under the authority of the same decree, and on the same terms as the above mentioned proper HIGHLY CULTIVATED FARM.

upon which George Reynolds has, for many years resided, in Jefferson county, Virginia, about three miles from Shepherdstown, which contains about 300 ACRES.

This Land is well known to be one of the most productive and desirable Farms in Jefferson coun-HENRY BERRY, Com'r. June 12, 1846.

Commissioners' Sale.

SILAS MELVIN US. MARY MELVIN. BY virtue of an Order of the County Court of Jefferson, made in the above cause, on the 15th of June, 1846, the undersigned, Special Commissioners of the Court, will offer for sale, at public auction, before the Court-house door in the town of Charlestown, on Monday the 20th of July, the first day of the Term of the ensuing, (being the first day of the Term of the County Court,)

A Tract of Land, in the County of Jefferson, upon the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, containing about 175 ACRES.

being the same Land, which, by a Decree of the Superior Court of Jefferson, was determined to have passed to the heirs of Benjamin Melvin, dec'd. The title is indisputable, and the tract is unsurpassed in fertility and position by any land in the county. An accurate survey, if necessary, will be made before the sale.

Terms :- One-third of the purchase money in hand, and the residue in equal instalments of nine and eighteen months. A Deed of Trust on the premises will be required to secure the deferred payments.

ROBERT Y. CONRAD, EDMUND PENDLETON,

June 19, 1846. Special Commissioners. Public Sale of Real Estate.

THE undersigned, Agent for Joseph S. Duckwall, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, before the Court-House, at Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va., on MONDAY the 20th day of July next, (Court-day,) Two-Sevenths of an undivided Tract of Land, containing about

210 ACRES, ying at the head of Bull Skin, and adjoining the Lands of Reiley, Throckmorton and Griggs.

At the same time and place will be sold, One-Fourth of an undivided Tract of Land,

Containing about Eighty Acres, lying in Clarke County, Va., and adjoining the The first mentioned Tract of Land has a comfortable HOUSE and an excellent BARN on it. The latter Tract is principally Woon-LAND, and has a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE and a STABLE on it.

The above Tracts of Land former-ly belonged to Joseph Duckwall, deceased. The growing crop is reserved.

Terms:—One half of the purchase money in Cash—for the balance the purchaser will be required to give a bond with approved security, payable in six months, with interest from date.

WM. B. THOMPSON.

LADIES Fans and Perfumery of all kinds, at June 5. C. G. STEWART'S.

IN the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chan-cery, for the county of Jefferson, May Term, 1846:

Ploughs of all kinds;

and especially important to farmers, the Improved Screw Spike Portable Threshing Machine, with Straw

Carrier, Clover-Huller, &c., as may be desired. This Machine has a great advantage over all others, on account of the Screw Spike, which can be regulated for large or small grain, so as not to break the grain; and it hulls Clover Seed as well as any Clover Mill, and at one single operation.

A great number of these Machines are in use

I hereby certify that I have employed a Wheat Threshing Machine of Mr. William Yonson, to thresh my last year's crop, and I can say that it is the best that I ever had on my farm; in fact it is the most complete and substantial made Wheat Machine that I have ever seen of the spike kind—it runs light, does very speedy and clean threshing. Given under my hand this 3d day of May, 1845.

JOHN LITTLETON.

To pay the freight of all the cotton from New Orleans to Vera Cruz; out of my own pocket, if it should not exceed \$5,000, if the plan is adopted. In reading the account of the taking of this castle by the French, I find one frigate had 120 round shot in her hull; and the castle is much stronger now than then, having 100 Paixhan guns mounted.'

FASHION'S WINNIGGS.—The New York Spirit of the Times says:—"Fashion has run twenty-one races at four miles beats, winning twenty.

I hereby certify, that I have purchased of Mr. Wm. Yonson, of Leesburg, Loudoun, county, Va., a Wheat Threshing Machine, and given it a fair a Wheat Threshing Machine, and given it a fair and full trial in getting out wheat, and can say, in my judgment, that it is, without exception, the very best Machine I have ever seen; in fact, it is a very complete and substantially made Machine; it runs light, and for speedy and clean threshing it cannot be beaten. Given under my hand this 13th day of May, 1846. ROBERT LUCAS.

KERNEYSVILLE, May 15th, 1846. I do hereby certify, that I have a Machine made by Mr. Wm. Yonson, (spike open cylinder.) At this time I do say that I have given it a fair and honest trial, and I do say with truth, that it is the best for speed and clean threshing that I have ever seen. JAMES A. KERNEY.
June 26, 1846—3m.

R AN away from the subscriber, lying near Charlestown, on Saturday night last, a Negro Girl named Charlotte. She is 18 years old, a bright mulatto, about 5 feet high, rather stout built, has a broad mouth and large teeth, which set

STRAY HORSE. STRAYED from the farm of Mrs. Crane, near Charlestown, during the last week, a large BAY HORSE, with three white feet,—a small star in his forehead,—and about nine or ten years

Any information concerning this horse will be thankfully received, and a reward will be paid if required. JOS. C. RAWLINS. required. JOS. C Charlestown, June 19, 1846.

For Harvest. GOOD N. O. Sugar at 7 cents;
Best do do at 8 cents;
Best St. Domingo Coffee at 9 cents;
Do Green Rio do 10 cents;
Do Porto Rico Molasses 37½ cents;
Do N. O. Molasses 44 cents;

Do N. O. Molasses 44 cents;
Do Sugar House do 50 cents;
Dipped Candles at 11 cents;
Mould do 12½ cents;
Y. H. and Imperial Teas, Chocolate, Rice, Spices,
&c. &c., all fresh and of superior quality, for
sale by W. MILLER, Ag't. Sale by W. MI North Bolivar, June 26, 1846.

CAVENDISH Tobacco at 25 cents, good;
Oronoko do very cheap and good;
Segars, a prime article, just opened and ready for sale by
W. MILLER, Ag't.
N. Bolivar, June 26, 1846. Harvest Goods.

WE invite the attention of Farmers to our stock of Goods suitable for Harvest, viz-Groceries, Queensware, Stoneware, Knives and Forks, Grass and Grain Scythes, Rifles, Whetstones, &c.

ALSO—Just received, a large lot of Shoes, cheaper than ever before offered, among which are heavy coarse Shoes for servants, very cheap.

Palm Leaf Hats.—We invite a call from the Farmers, with the assurance that we will sell them on as good terms as any house in the county.

June 19.

MILLER & TATE.

CHEAP WHISKEY—For harvesting, &c. June 12. E. M. AISQUITH. WHISKEY at 35, 371, 40, 50, 621 and 75 cts.

June 26. S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.

General Intelligence.

IN the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery, for the county of Jesterson, May Term, 1846;

George Randall, vs. George Randall's Administrator.

In pursuance of a decree in the above cause, on the 5th day of June, 1846, notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against the estate of George Randall, deceased, do present them to the undersigned, properly authenticated, for settlement, on or before the 10th day of September next.

GERARD B. WAGER, Adm'r of George Randall, dec'd.

June 26, 1846—8w.

LEESHURG MACHINE

STAUMURACTED.

The subscribers respectfully inform the public that at their Manufactory in Leesburg, they are now fully prepared, with the most experienced workmen, and the very best and every necessary material, upon the shortest notice, to execute all orders for

Threshing Machines, of every description in use;

Wheat Fans, Corn Shellers, Farm and Road Wagons, Ploughs of all kinds;

Ploughs of all kinds;

Painful.—We regret to learn, says the New York News, that T. D. Rice, the original "Jim Crow," and successful delineator of negro character, has been deprived of speech and the use of his limbs by a stroke of paralysis. It is hoped that he may recover. Aaron Phillips, an actor, who was a member of the first company that played at the Park theatre, has also met with a similar dispensation in Boston.

A Suggestion.—An officer on board the U.S. steamer Mississippi, proposes the following plan for taking the castle of St. Juan de Ulua. It would probably be the saving of many lives and

A great number of these Machines are in use in the several States; and for speedy and clean threshing, and with ease to five horses, believed to be unequalled.

The subscribers will make or repair Machines of any other kind whatever. They warrant their work; and should any part of a Machine of their make give way in threshing 1,000 bushels of grain, they will repair the damaged part free of charge. They give place to none in superiority of workmanship and excellency of material, and asssure the public that their work cannot and will not be beat. In proof they offer the following certificates, of Loudoun and other farmers, which might be indefinitely multiplied.

WM. YONSON & J. HANVEY.

would probably be the saving of many lives and ships:

"It is simply this: place bales of cotton on the outside of the vessels, by means of hammock hooks. The hooks should be small but stout, with screws on one end; and they could be fixed on the cutside of the ship without the least damage to the hull. By hanging the cotton bales on those hooks, you would make the ship shot and shell proof, and also proof against hot shot. A dozen vessels could be fitted in this way in 24 hours, while lying off Green Island, aboxt six miles from Vera Cruz. Five to six thousand bales would be sufficient. If this suggestion were presented to a board of officers, I am satisfied that nine out of ten would approve it. At any rate I feel so confident that I am willing to pay the freight of all the cotton from New Orto pay the freight of all the cotton from New Or-

FASHION'S WINNINGS,—The New York Spirit of the Times says;—"Fashion has run twenty-one races at four mile heats, winning twenty.—The gross aggregate of the stakes and purses she has won amount to the enormous sum of thirty-nine thousand nine hundred dollars! She has tested or walked over the tracts of these and lost

UNFORTUNATE.-The wife of one of the Louis

IMPORTANT MOVEMENT AMONG THE JEWS .great meeting of the Jews, from all parts of Eu-rope, has recently been held in Frankfort, in which they voted that there is nothing obligatory in the use of the Hebrew in their worship, and accordingly that it was best to retain it only in part as a badge of their nationality and a band of union. Also on full discussion, that the Messiah is already come, the present toleration and comfort which they now enjoy being what is meant by the promised Messiah. Also, that there is nothing to forbid their freely blending with the nations

built, has a broad mouth and large teeth, which set apart; she has a freckled face, very straight hair for a negro, which is not very black. She had a straw bonnet and two Mouslin dresses, but I do not recollect the color of them. She has also several cotton and calico dresses.

I will give \$25 for her apprehension if taken in Jefferson county; \$50 if taken in any other county in the State of Virginia, and \$100 if taken out of the State—in any case to be secured so that I get the State—in any case to be secured so that I get her again. DANIEL B. WASHINGTON.
June 5, 1846. [Free Press Copy.]

JOHN RANDOLPH'S SLAVES .- The Lewisburg (Va.) Chronicle states that on the 22d of June, three hundred and ninety-one manumitted slaves of the late John Randolph passed through that place, on their way to their new home in the West—a large tract of land having been purchased in Mercer county, Ohio, for their benefit. This army is headed by an old patriarch of 110 years, who rode on a horse beside the young and healthy, leading them to the land of their adoption.

FEELING AND PATRIOTIC.—The Rev. Joseph Burke, the founder and pastor of the Church of St. Columbia, in New York, in resigning his pastoral charge, previous to his return to Ireland, has just written a farewell letter to his congregation in which he feelingly and patriotically says:

"To the scenes of early life do I now repair—
to my own my ever-loved persecuted Frin. "To the scenes of early life do I now repair—
to my own, my ever-loved persecuted Erin. Once
more I hope to see her smiling through her sorrows: and whilst my short stay in the United
States has taught me the value of dear bought
liberty, I trust it will strengthen me to struggle
for the long-sought independence of the land of
my fathers. I will tell my countrymen the story
of the bright days that now, and I hope ever will
dawn upon this glorious republic. I will speak
to them of the prudent valor of a Washington, of
the profound judgment of a Franklin, the learned
and untainted political science of a Jefferson,
whilst I strive to show them that the examples of
such men as the truly Hiberno-Americans—Montwhilst I strive to show them that the examples of such men as the truly Hiberno-Americans—Montgomery, Jackson, McDonough, and I try—should inspire them to do for Ireland, them fatherland, what these heroes did for the land of their and their sires adoption. And when I sit beside the hearth of the poor though hospitable peasant, and tell him this, in the strong, nervous sententiousness of his vernacular tongue, I fancy as I write how his generous heart-will beat within him, whilst he heaves the long and heavy sigh that at the sight of his and his Country's wrongs, beats melancholy response to the natural enthusiasm, which the mere recital of the tale of Freedom's necessarily called forth."

When a man stops his newspaper on account of pecuniary forebodings, he is about as gone a case, as if he should conclude to stop his daily bread for fear he should come to poverty.

Miscellaneous.

yard," written by the Rev. Mr. Greenwood, of Boston:

"I never shun a graveyard; the thoughtful melancholy which it inspires is grateful rather than disagreeable to me; it gives me no pain to tread on the green roof of that dark mansion, whose chamber I must occupy soon; and I often wander from choice to a place where there is neither solitude nor society—something human is there; but the folly, the bustle, the vanities, the pretensions, the pride of humanity are gone—men are there, but the passions are lrushed, and their spirits are still, malevolence has lost its power of harming, appetite is sated, ambition lies low, and lust cold; anger has done raving, all disputes are ended, and all revelry is over, the fullest animosity is deeply burried and the most dangerons sins are safely confined by the thickly piled clods of the valley; vice is dumb and powerless, and virtue is waiting in silence for the trump of the archangel, and the voice of God. and the voice of God.

PRIDE. There is no vice to which the human rag are so prone, and none so unsuitable to their nature as Pride—that self-love which springs up so rapidly in our souls, and leads us to view our own qualification through a magnifying medium, which gives existence and reality to the phantoms of imagination. Pride commences with our growth, and spreads through all our conversation and conduct. and spreads through all our conversation and conduct. She accompanies us through every stage, condition and circumstance, of our terrestial course. She intermingles with almost every action we perform, and every pursuit-in which we engage. She attends us to the grave, in all the pomp, solemnity, and expense of funeral. She engraves her ostentatious inscriptions on the stone that covers the mouldering body, and when that copy is incorporated with its original dust and these words of vanity are no longer legible, she attempts by escutcheons, and pedigrees, and genealogical legends, to perpetuate the name which wisdom had perhaps consigned to oblivion. This is more or less the foible, this is the deformity, the deep-rooted vice of all mankind. Pride apthe deep-rooted vice of all mankind. Pride appears in the cottage as well as the palaces she sits on the workman's bench as well as on the monstarted or walked over twenty-six times, and lost but two races, and is at this moment in as fine arch's throne; she struts driving a flock of sheep health, and sound in all respects, as at four years old. She is a prodigy, indeed."

as well as in marching at the head of a victorious army.

THINK,—Thought engenders thought. Place ville volunteers was much opposed to his leaving home, and to avoid the pain of a farewell, he left home without bidding her good-by. Soon after, she heard of his departure, and dropped dead on the feet of his dep you draw from it, the more clear and fruitful it will be. If you neglect to think yourself, and use other people's thoughts, giving them utterance only, you will never know what you are capable of. At first your ideas come out in lumps—homely and shapeless—but no matter, time and perseverance will arrange and polish them. Learn to think, and you will soon learn to write; and the more you think, the better will you express your

TALE BEARING.—Never repeat a story, unless you are certain it is correct, and even not then, unless something is to be gained, either of interest to yourself, or for the good of the person concerned. Tattling is a mean, and wicked practice, and he who indulges in it, grows more fond of it in proportion as he is successful. If you have no good to, say about your neighbor never repressed. in proportion as he is successful. If you have no good to say about your neighbor never reproach his character, by telling that which is false. He who tells you the faults of others, intends to tell others of your faults, and so the dish of news is handed from one to the other, until the tale becomes enormous. A story never loses any thing is wisely remarked; but on the contrary gains in proportion, as it is repeated by those who have not a very strict regard for truth. Truly, "the tongue is an unruly evil, full of deadly poison."

A Scene in Broadway .- Passing down to A Scene in Broadway.—Passing down to our office yesterday morning, says Slamm, of the N. Y. Globe, nearly opposite Niblo's our attention was arrested by the egress from the front door of a neat but plain two story house of an old gentleman, bent and decrepid, borne up on either side by a man, whose vocation it probably was to perform this service. Age, decrepitude and care, were strongly depicted in the lineaments of his face. His assistants seemed charged with the care of keeping alive the flame which appeared face. His assistants seemed charged with the care of keeping alive the flame which appeared flickering for the last time: and we thought as we looked upon them, that each was fearful lest a breath of air might as they journeyed their venerable charge slowly along, extinguish the faint light which so delicately lingered in the socket. The old man thus supported was John Jacob Astor, the wealthiest man in this country, whose whole life, eventful and enterprising, has been devoted to the accumulating of wealth. We moralized as we left the group, that it was shame to place the happiness of life in gold and silver, for which blead and water is sufficient, and that no man would ever yet be so poor, that he could not man would ever yet be so poor, that he could not procure enough to carry him to his journey's end. The best condition of fortune is that which is neither directly necessitous, nor far from it—with good health and evenness of mind.

THE RULE OF STREET WALKING.—The Spring-field Republican calls attention to the following rules, which should be strictly observed in all pop-

ulous places:

Let it be understood by all, that every genlieman and every lady is expected to pass on the right hand. Another matter connected with this, should be observed by all who walk with ladies. It is to place the lady on your right, and in offering your arm let it always be the right. In this way, and by observing the first all important rule, all who pass will go by on the gentleman's side, and thus avoid all contact of strangers with your companion. The practice of changing sides with the lady at every corner, so as to give her the wall, is ridiculous and awkward in the extreme.

17 The loss of property by the late heavy rains has been immense in some parts of the Union.



CHEARING WETE

Priday Morning, July 10, 1846.

Close of the Volume.

The present No. closes the 2d volume of the " Spirit of Jefferson." The occasion may be a proper one for returning to those friends who have so very kindly interested themselves in its success, our warmest regards. It will be the constant aim of its conductor, as it has always been heretofore, to render the "Spirit" acceptable to its readers. He has been encouraged to believe that his efforts will be appreciated, and duly rewarded by a liberal and intelligent community, from the fact that the paper now numbers near three times the patrons that it did at its commencement. The party whose immediate interest it supports should not flag, because the political waters are stilled .-Now is the time to be arming for the battle—gathering in new recruits, confirming the wavering and winning over the doubtful. That our paper can do all this, we are not vain enough to pretend, but of this, be assured, it will do its duty, to the fullest extent of its humble ability.

From the people of other counties than Jefferson, we have no good reason to expect much support. We have established our journal in oppo-sition to none, and seek not to build it up by the destruction of others. But this we may ask, that our Democratic friends who are taking no paper, will be at least willing to give us a helping hand Whilst our paper shall be always moderate and respectful in its tone, it will be firm, decided and energetic in the advocacy of its principles.

As our patronage increases, we design intro ducing improvements in our paper. Whatever support it may receive will be expended in ministering to the wants of its readers. Additional experience will better enable the conductor to discharge his duty, and it is hoped his means may be made ample enough to carry out his designs.-Democrats! be active then. With a little effort on your part, you may render us a most essential service. By your influence a score of names may be added to our list. If you look around your neighborhood, there will be found many who are not patrons of any paper, whose means render them able, and whose wants make it a duty, to subscribe for one. To such we offer our journalit may not be as interesting, or possibly as cheap, . as some that could be named from the "City: but this is no good reason why you should not subscribe for the paper in your own immediate vicinity. If you are a man of business, every advertisement in its columns is of interest and im- the country, and though the Treasury is without portance. The marriages, deaths, &c., all con- the means of carrying on the war, he talks boastcern you, your family and friends. Say what you may, but a man who in this day fails to take a newspaper, is recreant to himself, faithless to his family, and incompetent to discharge his duty to from, and how it is to be raised, he does not disclose,

We therefore invoke for the future the same active efforts on the part of our friends, that they have made heretofore. We shall endeavor to prove worthy of them-if we fail, it will be the error of judgment, not the desire of the heart.

Now is the Time.

should be pleased to enrol many new names or our list. Though there is but little of interest or excitement in the political world, yet the Times are pregnant with important events. In our Natution-the landmarks of our Confederacy-are being discussed and acted upon. Our relations. too, with foreign governments, are worthy of attention, and every man should know as to the "course of events." The newspaper is now the great vehicle of intelligence. So lar as our means will allow every item of interest shall be communicated, and at the earliest moment practicable. Say not that the times are too hard to pay four cents a week, or two dollars a year for a newspaper. If it is worthy to be read at all, in what other way can you be so amply compensated for so small an expenditure?

By way of inducement to any who may be disposed to interest themselves in our behalf, we will furnish one copy of our paper gratis, to any one who will send us five new, responsible subscri-

The Union gives a list of appointments in the quarter-master's and commissarys departments under the act approved June 18, 1846, viz : six quarter-masters with rank of major-twenty-three assistant quarter-masters with the rank of captain -five commissaries, with the rank of major, and twenty-two assistant commissaries, with the rank of captain. They are nearly all from the Western States.

"IJ Jefferson Davis, Esq., a member of Congress from Mississippi, has been elected to the Colonelcy of the Mississippi Regiment of Volunteers ordered for service in Mexico and now at their rendezvous at Vicksburg. Col. D. is a sonin-law of Gen. Taylor, is a graduate of West Point, a fine officer and an accomplished orator. Alexander McClung, Captain of the Lowndes County Volunteers, was elected Lieutenant Colonel of the same Regiment, which is said to be composed of the flower of the State, all young men, save three.

EMIGRATION FROM EUROPE. - A letter from Hanover, Germany, of a recent date, to the Washington Union, states that the emigration to the United States from Europe the present year, will not fall short of " two hundred thousand-a third more than were embarked in any provious year."

ANOTHER CANDIDATE.-John Bell, of Tennessee, has been named by the Knoxville Tribune, as the Whig candidate for the Presidency in 1848. This is the third or fourth candidate already named by the opposition. At a proper time the democracy of the Union will bring forth a candidate who will relieve our Whig friends of their political longings.

IF Rumors of Cabinet changes are again rife The Whig press have manufactured a good many Cabinets for Mr. Polk, but he finds the old one answering the purposes of the Government, and the views of the people so well, that he does not think proper to accept of their very kind services.

New Hampshire.

The Southern Whigs will not long rejoice over he "political regeneration" of New Hampshire. Its bitter fruits are daily being developed. The success of the allied Whigs and Abolitionists has brought into prominence men who hate the South, and will use the influence of their ill-gotten places to wound the institutions of the South. John P. Hale, the anti-Texas deserter of his principles, has been rewarded with the Senatorship for six years-and Joseph Cilley, elected to fill Judge Woodbury's unexpired term, and now filling his ionist-both of the first water. The Abolition Emancipator claps his hands and cries out, " This is glorious?" From the following article in that paper, it will be seen that Cilley is Abolition all

"He has been on the Liberty ticket for Congress at the last two general elections. In '42, shortly after he was first nominated on our congressional ticket, the Whig State Convention, in gressional ticket, the Whig State Convention, in pursuance of the uniform policy to leave no stone unturned to destroy the Liberty party, met at Concord and nominated Col. Cilley as the Whig candidate for Governor. His reply to their offer was truly noble. He told them that he had cast his lot with the party that was pledged and uncompromising for the overthrow of slavery, and it would be incompatible with his principles to lend his name to the Whigs for the purpose of embarrassing his own party, and he, therefore, declined their nomination: wheretupon, a second Conventheir nomination; whereupon, a second Conven-tion was called, which nominated Gen. Colby."

General Scott and Gaines It is known that these officers have been on bad terms for many years. In his correspondence with the Secretary, among other improper things, the former was guilty of an exceedingly improper attack upon the latter. He declared in effect that Gen. Gaines was insane or in his dotage, and that and creditable production. he would, as a juryman, acquit him of any crime

off" as often as resuscitated.

Gen. Scott suggests a remedy for what he in charity considers "dotage" in General Gaines.—

If he could find a remedy for the "simples" with which he is so severely afflicted himself, it would be a discovery in Materia Medica that might serve him in better stead than the philosopher's stone. Dotage, forsoooth! Gen. Gaines evinces his do-tage in doing more than he is called upon to do; in exerting himself beyond the letter of his instructions; by hurrying forward troops to the point of danger. Gen. Scott displays his youthful vigor and enterprise in eating 'a hasty plate of soup'—this seems to be the only service in which he ex-

Affairs with Mexico.

The late papers contain but little of interest rom Mexico. Paredes' address to Congress, which we have met with in the "Union," gives a melancholy account of the distracted condition of ingly of his determination of retrieving the losses which the army has sustained in the battles of the 8th and 9th May. Where the money is to come and we therefore regard his declaration as but idle bluster and brayado.

There has been a sort of skirmish, not resulting in much however, between the U. States Sloop of War St. Mary's and the Mexican Gun boats off Tampico. No deaths are reported on either side, but the guns of the Mexican Fort at the mouth of the Tampico river were effectually silenced .-This engagement occurred on the 8th of June, just one month after the battle of Palo Alto.

was disappointed about Oregon, and still more because he has been disappointed in the search of office. Judge Wick, of Indiana, exposed with losses, but let all go to work in an effort to put great power and sarcasm the "disgraceful attempt things right again, and trust to Providence for of bargaining with the Administration for a little Treasury pap-thus to bargain away votes which the interests of the country required to be given." The Judge reproduted such a course, "which Samuer M. Janney, of Loudoug, will deliver an God himself hates, which the Whigs despise, and Address on Education, at the Court-House in no honest man can respect."

INDIVIDUAL LIABILITIES FOR ALL RESPONSIBILI-TIES IN BANKING .- The Empire State is taking the lead in the way of reform. We notice that ment of the Constitution of that State, are about may be entertained. We should be gled if every incorporating in the fundamental law some wholesome restrictions upon the subject of banking .-Mr. Cambreleng has presented some resolutions to the Convention, which, it is said, use up all but the individual banker, and he must not only deposit with the Comptroller New York 5 per cent. stocks for his circulation, but he is also individually liable for all the responsibilities of the Bank. The power to grant special bank charters are to be annulled.

The Clarksburg Scion of Democracy announteers of nearly 100 each, who will tender their services to the Governor in a few days. "Other companies are in progress of formation, and it is companies are in progress of formation, and it is pay from twelve to fifty dollars per annum for a probable that Harrison county will offer to the single scholar, can have from three to six educamost of whom can hit a Mexican 200 yards every shot. What county in Virginia can beat Harri-

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL .- The Cumberland Civilian of Tuesday, says: "We understand that dam No. 4 has been seriously injured by the late freshet. It will probably require \$10,-000 for its repair. None of the other dams have, that we can hear, been weakened. There are also some two or three breaches in the embankment between Williamsport and Seneca. It will not require a heavy expenditure nor much time to repair them. On the whole, the canal has not suffered as much damage, as was generally expecteJ. The damage by the flood of 1843, was not less than \$55,000, whilst the damage by this cannot much exceed the one fourth of that sum."

MAINE SENATOR .- After a further ineffectual attempt to agree upon a nomination for Senator poned to the 8th inst.

General Gaines.—A court of inquiry, to consist of Bv't. Gen. H. Brady, Bv't. Brig, G. M. Brook, and Col. J. Crane, members, and Bv't. Capt. J. F. Lee, recorder, has been ordered by the President to convene at Fort Monroe, on the 18th of July, to investigate the conduct of By't. Major The Fourth of July.

From all points of the Country accounts are reaching us of the disappointments occasioned by the rain on the Fourth, and several days preceding. At Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, extra ordinary preparations had been made, but they were all frustrated by the unpropitious weather. In this region, the same disappointments were experienced. At Harpers-Ferry, a grand parade was anticipated, preparatory to the Dedication of the new Hall of the I. O. O. Fellows. Though about two hundred of the Brethren were assem seat in the U. S. Senate, is a Whig and Aboli- bled, yet there were so many others who had been prevented from being present, and the rain was so constant during the day, that it was thought best to postpone the whole proceedings. The last Saturday in July, 25th inst., has been fixed over. Truly, the Southern Whigs have great on as the day for carrying out the designs made for rejoicing over the "glorious" fruits of the bargain in New Hampshire!

The Shenandoah was so high, by the recent freshet, that the company intending to spend the Fourth at Shannondale, were unable to get there From Shepherdstown, we have not heard, but presume their celebration was necessarily a failure In Clarke, the arrangements for a public dinner were frustrated. But a respectable company assembled in one of the churches in Berryville, and the Declaration of Independence was read by John HAY, Esq., and an eloquent and patriotic Oration pronounced by N. CARROLL MASON, Esq.

The Fourth was celebrated in Martinsburg by the new company of "Independent Blues," commanded by Capt. Alburtis. A large number of the citizens participated in the ceremonies of the occasion. James E. Stewart, Esq., editor of the "Gazette," was the Orator of the Day, and the "Republican" pronounces his Address, what we anticipated it would be, a highly interesting

At Richmond, the weather on the Fourth was with which he might be charged "upon these favorable, merely clouds enough, without rain, to grounds." In relation to this subject, the Picavune make the day pleasant for the evolution of troops and the moving mass of citizens. OLIVER P. BALD WIN, Esq., editor of the Republican, read the Decof murder upon himself could be set aside upon the plea of insanity, or upon any other demurer. A coroner's inquest might bring in a verdict of death by vanity striking in," but this is a disease for which there is no cure, as the patient would "go quire thus refers to his address, paying him a high, but doubtless, a well deserved compliment:-

John Randolph Tucker, Esq., then came for ward, and, for an hour, engaged the earnest attention of his large auditory. He treated the sub-ject in a new and bold style. His contrast of the principles which governed the American and French Revolutions respectively, and led to such different results, was philosophical and full of pow-er. His address was marked by great genius and talent, and gave an earnest that this young orator is destined to high distinction. We know he will excuse us for alluding to a compliment to his speech from a lady, whose good word is worth possessing. When his remarks were concluded, and the applause had died away, she expressed her surprise that one so young should have dis-played so much ability and power, and should have succeeded so well in arresting the attention of his audience by the solidity and harmony of

The Late Rains.

It will be nothing new to our readers to say that the rains of the last week are without precedent. In the midst of harvest time, it may naturally be supposed that the damage occasioned by them is almost beyond estimate. From all sections of the country accounts are reaching us as to the destruction of property, and in many cases, the loss of life. Our streams, little and big, have all been swollen alike, and on Saturday the Shenandoah presented a most terrific aspect. The waters were foaming and raging, whilst it was carrying upon its surface huge trees, the fruit of the farmer, and the labor of man in a hundred ways. No estimate or no facts have been furnished us as to the amount of loss occasioned in The Union in a scathing article upon the this county. Those bordering on the water courjured and their farms considerably damaged. is useless, however, for them to repine over their protection from like disasters.

Address on Education. To-morrow, (Saturday,) at 3 o'clock, P. M., Mr. Charlestown. Mr. J. has been invited here by a portion of our citizens, under the belief that his knowledge and investigation of the Primary School System-its practical working and its actual cost the Convention sitting in New York for the amend. - will serve to dispel any and all opposition that man in the county could be present. With this gentleman, the system is nothing new. His life time almost has been devoted to an investigation of the subject, and what he may say, is not conjecture, but the result of his careful investiga-

The Winchester Republican in referring to the proposed system of Free Schools, and in answer to the opponents of the measure in Frederick, says :-

"The idea of increased taxation, is but a bug bear, that will not stand the first gleam of the light ces that there are now four companies of volun- of truth. Many who talk about an increase of 50 or 60 per cent., upon the State revenue, seem to forget entirely that the present system is the most expensive that can be adopted. Parents who now Government 5 or 6 companies of Riflemen, the ted for half the amount. It is only the crusty old bachelor, who has disregarded the scriptural command, who will feel himself aggrieved-and it is shot. What county in Virginia can beat Harri-son in the number of her volunteers? We shall if he will not voluntarily contribute to the interests of society in one way, he must be forced to do it

It is cheaper to educate the people than to punish crime and support pauperism. Not less than \$50,000 per annum is now spent in education.— Ten thousand, under the Free School system, will educate every child in Frederick County, between the ages of five and twenty, and diffuse the blessings of knowledge into the most benighted corner of our community. Let no man who loves our Republican Institutions, or who glories in the development of the human intellect, hesitate to lend his co-operation.

Inundation of Cellars.

In this town, as well as at Harpers-Ferry, much inconvenience has been experienced by those occupying low situations, by the inundation of their Cellars. The earth has become so thoroughly saturated with water, that in some of the Cellars is is yet rising. Generally, precaution had been in Congress from Maine, the subject has been post- taken to remove most of the destructible articles, but still there are some of our merchants who will be losers to a considerable extent, besides riencing the inconvenience of having their cellars

> BT The bill retroceding Alexandria to Virginia has passed the Senate, and now only awaits the ratification of the citizens of that place.

THE REVENUE TARIFF PASSED.

From the Washington Union, of Saturday. . It is with grateful hearts that we announce ie country the passage of the revenue Tariff bill n the House of Representatives by a vote of 114 or, to 95 against, the bill-being a majority of 19 votes in favor of the measure which, counting the Speaker, who can only give the casting vote, and hree Democrats who had not paired off, unavoidably absent, swells the actual majority to 23 votes. The vote was not sectional. The North, the South the East and the West participated in the adoption of the measure. The largest vote for the bill was from the West Six of the Western States-namely, Alabama, Mississippi, Missouri, Michi gan, Illinois, and Texas, being unanimous for the neasure, with majorities in its favor, from Ohio, Tennessee, Indiana, and Louisiana. Let this fact teach moderation to the protectionists. The great, the glorious, and growing West, is for freetrade. That vast region from which two new States, Wisconsin and Iowa, are about emerging, and whose entire representation under the census of 1850 will, at the present ratio, reach 100 members is almost unanimous for free trade. voice of the farmers, the voice of that great agricultural valley of the Mississippi, calls loudly for ree trade. On the same side will be the four additional new States from Texas, slaveholding and non-slaveholding, the new State north of Iowa and west of Wisconsin and Iowa-all, all will be agricultural, and all for free trade. And Oregon now secured, and ready for peaceful settlement commerce of Asia and South America-Oregon pre-eminently agricultural and commercial-she, oo, will come in under the glorious banner of Will the protectionists longer resist this irre-

sistable phalanx? Will they learn wisdom, and permit the present bill to pass through the Senate? Would they, if they could, defeat it there, and bring down upon them by that resistance a much more radical measure than the bill which has just passed the House of Representatives? We warn he protectionists, that if the present Congress resist, and this bill is not passed, they must expect a lower ad valorem. Mark what we say: not a single manufactory will be stopped by this bill .-A portion of the enormous profits of the manufacturers will be curtailed; but their business in the main will still be more profitable than any other pursuit in the country. Are they not satisfied with this? If not, let them expect, as they will richly merit, a lower ad valorum. The existing debt, and the Mexican war, has given rise to higher duties than would have been imposed in a state of peace; and let the protectionists be satisfied. For ourselves, we say, let the bill pass, and let us have repose. Let the whole country know upon what they are to rely. The bill, with a few modifications, is essentially that of the Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. Walker embarked in a new path, in which no previous Secretary had dared to precede him. He recommended : first, the abolition of all specific duties and all minimums, and the exclusive ad valorem system. 2d. He recommended that no duty be imposed on any article above that lowest rate which would yield the largest amount of revenue; and 3d. The warenousing system and all have been adopted. The great constitutional principle has been indicated in the passage, by the House, of a bill for revenue as its object, and not for protection. All the duties upon the necessaries of life have been greatly diminished, whilst luxuries are made to bear a much larger proportion of the revenue. It was due to justice to state that the largest vote for the bill came from the West; but the South nobly sustained their long-cherished principles. Virginia, the great founder of Democratic faith, was unanimous save one, (14 out of 15 representacourse of Mr. Brinkerhoff, of Ohio, intimates that ses every where, have been losers to a greater or tives,) in favor of the measure. South Carolina, he violated his anti-tariff professions because he less extent. Their Mills have been seriously in- so renowned for courage and intellect, was abso-

age to give that vote was the upright and able whig member from Alabama, Mr. Hilliard. The Democracy of New York covered themselves with glory in their support of the measure. -From Pennsylvania, so distinguished in the war of '76, and 1812, and so ever ready to pour out the life-blood of her sons in defence of the country -so devoted to the Union-so true to the Democratic faith on all other questions but the tariff. there was but a single vote for this great measure truly able and eloquent Wilmot. Let him wait but a year, to see the operation of this bill defeat

all the predictions of his opponents, and his vote though now alone, will be the vote of Pennsylvania. It is a singular coincidence, that Mr. Wilbill, is a native of the same town and county of the States; and third, the acquisition of California by purchase. mot, the only Pennsylvanian who voted for the that State as Mr. Walker.

The following States, ten in number, were ananimous in favor of the bill : New Hampshire, South Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi, Florida, Texas, Illinois, Missouri, Michigan, and Arkansas, (absent on the final vote.) A majority of the votes of the following States were for the bill :the above ten States, and in addition, Maine, (the star of the East, unanimous save one,) Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Louisiana, (unanimous, save one, unseduced by sugar and molasses,) Indiana, Ohio, Tennessee-in all, eighteen States for the bill; New York equally divided. Six States were unanimously against the bill, and a majority in three more against it-in all; nine States.

The bill will produce twenty-eight millions of

The following were the ayes and noes on the the main question:-

the main question:—

Yras—Mesers, Stephen Adams, Anderson, Atkinson, Bayly, Bedinger, Benton, Biggs, James A. Black, Bowlin, Boyd, Brinkerhoff, Brockenbrough, William G. Brown, Burt, Catheart, Augustus A. Chapman, Reuben Chapman, Charles, Cobb, Collin, Cullom, Cunningham, Daniel, Dargan, Jefferson Davis, De Mott, Dobbin, Deuglass, Drongoole, Danlap, Ellworth, Faran, Ficklin, Fries, Giles, Goodyear, Gordon, Grover, Hamlin, Haral oo, Harmanson, Henley, Hilliard, Hoge, Issae E. Hohres, Mopkins, Hough, George S. Houston, Edmund W. Hubard, James B. Hunt, Hunter, James H. Johnson, Joseph Johnson, Andrew Johnson, George W. Jones, Seaborn Jones, Kanifman, Kennedy, Preston King, Lawrence, Leake, La Sere, Lumpkin, Maclay, McClelland, McClernard, McConnell, McCrut, Joseph J. McDowell, James McDowell, McKny, John P. Martin, Barclay Marita, Morris, Mores, Moulton, Niven, Norris, Parish, Payne, Perrill, Phelas, Pillsbury, Rathbun, Reid, Relfe, Rhett, Roberts, Sawtelle, Sawyer, Scammon, Seddon, Alexander D. Simms, Leonard H. Simms, Simpson, Thomas Smith, Robert Smith, Stanton, Starkweather, St. John, Strong, Jacob Thompson, Thurnan, Tibbatts, Towns, Tradway, Wick, Williams, Wilmot, Woodward, Wood, and Yancey—114.

Nava—Mesera, Abbott, John Quincy Adams, Arnold, Aslamun, Barringer, Bell, James Black, Blanchard, Brodlead, Milton Brown, Buffington, William W. Campbell, John H. Campbell, Carroll, Cocke, Collamer, Cranston, Crovier, Gulver, Darragh, Garrett Davis, Delano, Dixon,

Edsall, Erdman, John H. Ewing, Edwin H.

By reference to our Congressional Report, it will be seen that the Tariff Bill has been made the special order for Monday, in the U. S. Senate Speculation is abroad as to its probable fate, but those informed on the subject think there can be no doubt of its passage. The Richmond Enquirer

of Tuesday, says:—
We cannot doubt that the Tariff bill will pass
They cannot resist the moral force the Senate. They cannot resist the moral force of the decided action of the House. Our friends are confident of success in the Senate. Indeed it are confident of success in the Senate. Historic is said that Mr. Archer will vote for the bill. We should not be much surprised—for he must be convinced, that in doing so, he would carry out the state of the same of the s

SHOOKING TRAGEDY IN OHIO .- A dreadful rencontre occurred at Mansfield, Ohio, on the 19th ult., between two respectable citizens. For some two years past a feud has existed bets land and Frank Barker, in referen wife. On Thursday Bowland got intoxicated, and at dusk commenced hunting Barker. He found and emigration-Oregon to form at least four new him talking with a friend on the pavement and States-Oregon upon the Pacific, and inviting the going up to him without warning, inflicted a blow upon him with a large pruning knife, striking just below the breast bone and making a gash three inches long, and about the same depth letting the entrails out. Barker lingered until Saturday morning. Bowland attempted to follow up his blow, but he was immediately secured and taken to jail. He expresses great regret at what has happened. His drunken violence has brought indescribable anguish upon two of the first families in Richland county.

The gallant May in reply to a letter of presentation of a sabre, thus handsomely awarded credit

to his brother officers and soldiers: "In battle opportunities are afforded a few to perform deeds, which if successfully accomplished are attended with so much brilliancy as to render less conspicuous other deeds equally meritorious. "In the action of the 9th it was my good for-tune not only to be one of this favored few, but to be supported by officers and men, whose gallantry would insure success. It is due to my brother officers to say, that any one of them would have gloried in the opportunity of leading the charge that you have thought proper to notice in such

THE LATE FRESHET.—Owing to the heavy airs on Monday and Tuesday of last week, the Tuscarora, which flows past our village, rose to Tuscarora, which flows past our village, rose to an imprecedented height, carrying destruction in its course. Beside destroying the Saw Mill belonging to Mr. Aaron Hibbert, every farmer on the Creek, from its head to the Opequon, has sustained more or less injury in the damage done to wheat, corn, oats, grass, fencing, &c. The damages sustained by those living on this creek, in grain, &c., cannot fall short of two or three thousand dollars. One gentleman informed us that five hundred dollars would not cover his losses.

We learn also, that considerable damage was occasioned by the flood in Mill Creek on the same day.—Martinsburg Republican.

day .- Martinsburg Republican. CALIFORNIA .- This immense territory is, equal

to twelve such States as Ohio. A tract of land worth having at the cost of a little trouble. A Washington letter says :- "The volunteers

who have prepared to go to Mexico, have no intention to return. We learn from all quarters, that they go, like the Romans, to inhabit wherever they conquer."

A New Republic .- A report from Washing on is noticed as worthy of credit in the Philadelphia North American, that some of the Mexican States or Provinces on the Rio Grande are contemplating the formation of a distinct Republic, "on the Anglo-American basis of free toleration lutely unanimous. All the Demecrats of Georgia and North Carolina were true to their great cause.

One—we believe but one—whig vote was given for the bill. The man who had the moral courton in behalf of a number of the leading inhabitance. tants of the States of Taumaulipas, Chibuahua and Zacetacas, entreating a cessation of hostilities on our part, on the ground that being equally aggrieved by the Supreme Government of Mexico, we should be the friends and allies rather than the devastators of the country north of the Tropic. All the educated classes, (including many of the priests,) are in favor of coming under the government of the United States as a provisional terri-

SANTA ANNA .- Among the latest reports, as there was but a single vote for this great measure we learn from the Baltimore American, is one to the effect that if Santa Anna, who is now at Hatuly able and elegent Wilmor. Let him wait the effect that if Santa Anna, who is now at Hatuly able and elegent Wilmor. Let him wait Mexico, he will carry out an arrangement which is alleged to have been made, through one of his agents, with the Government at Washington.—
This arrangement, it is said, embraces—first, peace with the country on the part of Mexico; second, the acknowled ment of the Rio Grande

Despatch of the 31st May, after comparing our reasons for going to war with Mexico to those

assigned by the wolf for going to war with the lamb, goes on to remark as follows:

"We may differ as to the cause of the war; but that 50,000 citizens should be ready at once to advance to the frontier at the peril of life and to the abandonment of all other occupations, in a cause which they at all events hold to be just, is cause which they at all events hold to be just, is a proof of the tremendous strength and value of popular institutions, and obvious example for the right means of preserving a national security.—

The number of volunteers was expected far to eight ceed the limit voted. Mexico will ultimately be no match for its fee, either by sea or land, and it is, therefore, consolatory that President Polk should declare that he will always be ready to offer or activent forms of reace." cept terms of peace."

Delaware which assembled at Dover, on Tuesday last, nominated William Tharp, of Kent County, as the Democratic candidate for Governor, and

s the Democratic candidate
s the Democratic cand

NEW ROUTE OF TRADE.—The war with Mexico is giving a new course to trade, of which the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad is likely to receive the benefit. The produce of the West, which used to be sent-down to Mississippi, and shipped for the east at New Orleans, is now in a great measure sent across the mountains. The strambout Susquehanna left St. Louis on the 5th ast, with 146 920 bs. pig lead. She arrived at Pittsburg on the 11th instant. This is the first lot of lead over sent from the West by this route is the East.

OREGON TREATY.—The Washington correspondent of the Tribune gives the following as the substance, though not the kact words, of the Oregon Treaty :

gon Treaty:

Article I.—The 49th parallel of North latitude from the Rocky Mountains to the sea, with a line from that point round the south of Vancouver's Island, through the Straits of Fuca, to be the boundary latitude.

from that point round the south of Vancouver's Island, through the Straits of Fuca, to be the boundary between the two countries.

Article II.—From the point where the 49th parallel N. L. shall be found to intersect the great northern branch of the Columbia, river, the navigation of the said branch to be free and open to the Hudson's Bay Company, and all British subjects trading with them, to where the said branch meets the main branch of the Columbia, thence down the main stream to the ocean, with free access into and through the said river or rivers: it being understood that all the several portages along the line thus described, in like manner to be free and wan. In navigating said river or rivers, British, subjects with their goods and produce shall be treated on the same footing as the citizens of the United States. The United States to make regulations respecting the navigation of said rivers, not inconsistent with the Treaty.

Article III.—In future appropriations of the Territory south of 49 deg., the possessory rights of the Hudson Bay Company and British subjects who may be already in accupation of land or other property, lawfully acquired, to be respected.

Article IV.—The farms, lands, and other property of the Puget's Sound Agricultural Company, on the North side of the Columbia, shall be confirmed to said Company. In case the United States for public or political purposes, should wish the said lands, or any part thereof, the property so required shall be transferred at a proper valuation, to be agreed upon between the parties.

Article V.—Ratifications to be exchanged within six months.

FREEMAN'S TRIAL.—The negro Freeman, of Auburn, who murdered the Van Ness family is on trial at Auburn. He is defended by W. H. Seward, D. Wright and C. Morgan. The prosecution is conducted by the Autorney General and District

Attorney.

The testimony, as far as we have it, shows Freeman to have been convicted of horse stealing, and wrongfully as is said, when he was sixteen years old, for which he was sent for five years to years old, for which he was sent for five years to the State Prison. He was slow and dull at his work in prison, and of violent temper, for which he was frequently and severely flogged. He came out of prison deaf and disheartened, and failing to get work he became reckless. He applied to magistrates for warrants against those who sent him to prison, and insisted that he ought to be paid for the time he had been wrongfully imprisoned, &c. Being refused warrants, he made up his mind to kill somelody. He went with such views mind to kill somebody. He went with such views to several houses before entering that of Mr. Van Ness, but finding them without light he passed on because he said, he could not "see to fight in the dark."—Albany Eve. Jour., Thursday.

ELOPEMENT AND MARRIAGE.—The New York correspondent of the U. S. Gyzette, of the 3d inst. says: "The upper part of the city was thrown into a furor of excitement this morning by a re-port that the daughter of one of the most weal-thy and influential merchants in B. street, had eloped with a dashing young physician from Charleston. It is said that the boving pair have been attached to each other for four years past, but this union was prohibited by the father of the lady, because the young man was not possessed of as much money as would, in a pecumary way, put him on a par with her. I understand the marriage ceremony was performed early this morning, before the lady's father was out of bed, and that the lady's sisted and the bride's brother assisted them on the occasion.

MURDER OF MEXICANS BY INTARE -We learn from a gentleman who recently arrived from Austin, (says the Houston Telegrar h of the 10th inst.) that a large party of Camanches, belonging to Santa Anna's band, lately made a forsy into the Santa Anna's band, lately made a lorsy into the Mexican settlements above Laredo, captured a large amount of specie, about five hundred horses, and killed several Mexicans. The Mexicans, it appears, were quite unprepared to resist them, as most of the troops had been withdrawn to attack the American army near Matemoras. These Inthe Apperican army near Matamoras. These Indians stated that they capturer several boxes filled with money; and from their description of the boxes, it is probable that they chitained \$4000 or \$5000. It is not improbable the they intercepted some party of traders that was n its way to Bexar or Corpus Christi.

AMERICA'S IN RUSSIA.—Col. Todd informs us that the graling and working on the entire railroad line, from St. Petersburgh to warsaw, (140 miles.) was given to American contractors. This contract amounts to four and a half millions of dollars, and was given to American contractors, in the face of the competition of all Eurole, with at security .- Cin. Chronicle.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE P with the advice and consent of L. Hamer, of Ohio; Joseph James Shields, of Illinois; The Kentucky; Gideon J. Pillow, o John A. Quitman, of Mississipp. generals in the military service of the accordance with the provision proved June 26, 1846.

A RARE CHANCE .- In Autin, '1 exas, at .. last accounts, there were only a baker's dozen of young girls; and they had all been tormented with offers.

THE GREATEST HAIL STORM -A letter deed Belivitle, Illinois, June 3d, gives account of shall storm in those parts, which exceeds any the g in the memory of the "oldest inhabitaris." The stage second, the acknowledgment of the Rio Grande as the Southern boundary of the United States; and third, the acquisition of California by purchase.

The English Press on the Value of Returning the National Institutions.—The London Weekly Despatch of the 31st May, after comparing our before the horses were fully under way. The stones were fully under way. The stones were fully under way.

HEART'S Exer A disa pointed damsel in Ohio has mulcted her quondant ever in the sum of one thousand dollars because he wouldn't marry her. This system of lipping into the pockets for heart's case, is becoming very prevalent.

15 An order has been acceived at St. Louis fo 12,000 pigs of lead, for the French government.

The humorist.

men known in that part of the country

A Good HINT FOR A YOUTH -An old cha

'How can I tell,' said the boy, 'if they are hot

LAWRENCE B. WASHINGTON ATPOINTER AT LAW,
ESPECTFULLY offers his professional services to the public. He may be found in
lestown, Jefferson county, Virginia. Nov. 28, 1845. A CARD.

WM. LUCAS & BENJ. F. WASHINGTON

ice the same as heretofore occupied by Lucas

OFFERS his professional services to the citi-zens of Harpers-Ferry, Bolivar, Virginius, and the surrounding country. He may generally be found at his Drug Store when not professionlly engaged. Harpers-Ferry, March 13, 1846.

Carrell's Western Exchange, HARPERS-FERRY, VA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

FOR the accommodation of Passengers in the Cars, I will have daily for DINNER, Ham, Beef, Veal and Mutton. Fowls, boiled, roasted and fried, with a plentiful supply of Vegetables

Fare only 25 Cents. Ice Cream, Cake, Jellies, and Fruit, and every ing the Baltimore market will afford, shall al-ays be in waiting for those that wish good fare,

'How can I tell,' said the boy, 'if they are hot unless they are red?'

'Never touch anything again till you spit on it; if it don't hise it won't burn.'

In a day or two the old man sent the boy in to see if his soup was cool. The boy went in spit in the bowl; of course the soup did not hiss.—
He went back and told the boss all was right.

'Dinner!' cried he.

All hands run; down sat the old man at the head of the table; and in went a large spoonful of the boiling hot soup in his mouth.

"Good heavens!" cried the old man, in the greatestrage. 'What did you tell me that lie for? you young rascal!

'I did not lie,' said the boy, very, innocently.—
'You told me I should spit on any thing to try if it was hot; I spit in your bowl, and the soup did not hiss, so. I supposed it was cool.'

Judge of the effect on the jours. That boy never was in want of friends among the journeymen.

A Woman's Advantages.—A woman may say what she likes to you, without the risk of getting knocked down for it.

She can take a snooze after dinner, while her husband has to go to work.

She can dress herself in peat and tidy calicoes for a dollar, which her husband has to earn and fork over.

She can go forth into the streets without being invited to "treat" at every coffee house.

She can paint her face if it is too pale, or flour

again if her husband is killed.

She can wear corsets if thick, other "fixins"

She can get divorced from her husband when ever she sees any one she likes better.

And she can run him into debt all over, until lie warns the public, by advertisement, not to trust her on his account any longer.

EVADING THE LAW .- Since the selling of spiritous liquors has been prohibited in New-York, the landlords in some of the counties are adopt-ing all sorts of tricks to evade the law. The following are the latest we have heard of: In one tavern the landlord has caused a box to be put up in his bar room, on which are painted, in bold letters—"For the widow and orphan fund of the village of——." Any body wanting a glass of liquor gives sixpence to the cause of charity, and the landlord treats.

In another place, a landlord refuses to sell any liquor, but he demands from each traveller a sixpence for backing his horse under the shed, the liquor of course being gratuitous.

charlestown "Our House."

There is a well-known custom prevailing in our criminal courts, of assigning counsel to such prisoners as have no one to defend them. On one occasion, the court finding a man accused of theft, and without counsel, said to a wag of a lawyer who was present, 'Mr—, please withdraw with the prisoner, confer with him and give him with the prisoner, confer with him and give him such counsel as may be best for his interest."

The undersigned tenders his warmest thanks and the public, for the encouragement extended to him in his business at a time when ill health and adverse fortune had sunk him into despondency. Being now restored, he means to continue his exertions with renewed energy and is about to have his establishment sumplied with the best quality of articles in his line. He had the public, for the encouragement extended to him in his business at a time when ill health and adverse fortune had sunk him into despondency. Being now restored, he means to continue his exertions with renewed energy and is about to have his establishment sumplied with the best quality of articles in his line. He had the public, for the encouragement extended to him in his business at a time when ill health and adverse fortune had sunk him into despondency. Being now restored, he means to continue his exertions with renewed energy and is about to have his establishment sumplied with the best quality of articles in his line. He had the public, for the encouragement extended to him in his business at a time.

To the Farmers and Millers.

The undersigned the ware. Shepherdstown, Feb. 13, 1846—tf.

The undersigned the variety was a time when it has been continued as a sum of the first of the first of his friends and the public, for the encourage was a time. The the Farmers and Millers.

The undersigned the variety was a time when it has been continued as a sum of the first of his friends and the public, for the encourage was a time. The the Farmers and Millers.

The undersigned the variety was a time when it has b The lawyer and his client withdrew; and in fif-teen or twenty minutes the lawyer returned into court, alone. 'Where is the prisoner?' asked the court. 'He has gone your honor,' said the hope-ful legal 'limb.' Your honor told me to give him the best advice I could for his interest; and as he said he was guilty, I thought the best counsel I could offer him was 'to cut and run,' which he took at once."

The best lip salve in creation, is a kiss. The remedy should be used with great care, however as it is apt to bring on an affection of the heart.

It was remarked of Themistocles that he prefer red marrying his daughter to a man who lacked wealth, rather than one who lacked sense. Had all fathers been of the same opinion, what a lot of fools the world would have been spared.

No Doubr .- An advertisement of cheap shoes and fancy articles, in an eastern paper has the following nota bene:

"N. B. Ladies wishing those cheap shoes will do well to call soon, as they will not last long.

"My dear wife!" as the husband exclaimed as he looked at the milliner's bill.

Sour.—The Easton Argus styles Gen. Scott a soupernumerary General, whose letters are filled with souperfluities, and says it would be a work of souperogation to show that his greatness was altogether souperficial—that his objects to soupercede General Taylor were insouperable, but soupine; and that his soupercilious contempt of a souperior commander receives a souperb rebuke.

FEMALE DRESS .- Maria Perkins was arrested in St. Louis on the 7th ult., dressed in men's ap-Louis on the 7th uit., gressed in men a apparel. She stated that she was led to the high priety by disgust of the present style of female dress, and astonished the court with an inv tory of the number of skirts, &c., &c., which fashionable woman of the present day is obliged to wear all at once, in order to show that she sticks

Small Farms are certainly more easily improv-'ed than large ones, and while the fertility of the soil is thereby increased, the remuneration, the nett gain, is in the inverse ratio to its size, when nett gain, is in the inverse ratio to its size, when compared with larger ones of equal fertility. If a man have five hundred acres in one body, his best policy is to do with it, as Solomon adjudged, when the child was claimed by two mothers—cut it in halves—and if he cannot sell a moiety, or cultivate it advantageously, he had better give it away. A vast proportion of the debts for which agriculturists are bound, arises from the purchase of more land.

April 24.

April 24.

Will be taken in exchange for work at cash prices.

ALFRED OBANION.

Feb. 20, 1846—tf.

Feb. 20, 1846—tf.

Feb. 20, 1846—tf.

THE subscriber has just returned from the Eastern markets with a new and well selected with Syrups of all kinds, and am therefore prepared to suit the tastes of all.

April 24.

J. H. BEARD.

AVING associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, will attend the Superior and Inferior Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick, and Clarke.

Charlestown, Aug. 15, 1845-tf.

The Senior Partner in the above Card would say to his friends and to the public generally, that he has again resumed, with renewed zeal, the practice of his profession, which the duties of public life, for the last few years, have compelled him to neglect. To all, then, who would entrust their business to his charge, he deems it only necessary for him to say, that he is again prepared, as heretofore, with all his energy, to do battle in their cause, and to protect, with all his ability, the rights and interests of his clients. He can generally be found, when not elsewhere professionally engaged, at his office in Charlestown.

August 29, 1845—tf.

Dr. J. G. HAYS

George Bond, Michael Breslin, Martin Broderick, C.
James Caton, Thomas Craig, James Colbs, Joseph Carry, James Cissel, Andrew Cook, Treasurer of Jeffer County, D.

Michael Derry, John Detreer, John Detreer, John Detreer, John Potterer, John Potterer,

Dr. J. G. HAYS

Dining Point on the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road.

so to patronize the opposition, where Ladies entlemen have only to pay for what they get. Wine, Brandy, Gin and Whiskey, for those

Ale, Wine, Brandy, Gli and who may desire them.

My situation is the most convenient at the place, where Passengers canpot possibly be left.

I return my thanks to the many friends that have patronized me, and hope always to merit the E. H. CARRELL. Harpers-Ferry, May 22, 1846.

> SAPPINGTON'S THREE-STORY BRICK 这句管图型。

WHITE PORTICO IN FRONT, CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA. October 24, 1845...

FOR RENT.

THE undersigned, intending to remove to the new Office on the Market-house Square, late the property of Dr. Stuart, will rent for the ensuing year, the Room now in their occupancy. Possession given in a few days.

LUCAS & WASHINGTON.

April 3, 1846.

MARBLE.

THERE is now in the care of George W. Sappington, Esq., in Charlestown, Va., a finished assortment of

White M ble Tomb-Stones.

(Lettering neatly secuted at short notice.) Persons desirous of purchasing those last emblems of affection, well do well to examine these before they buy elsewhere. Mr. Sappington, who has con-sented to act as Agent, will take pleasure in show-ing these Tomb Stones to persons desiring to see

them, whether they wish to buy or not.

Monuments, Column and Plain Tomb Slabs, or any work in the Stone Cutting line furnished at short notice.

WM. LOUGHRIDGE. Leitersburg, Washington County, Md.)
March 6, 1846—tf.

now on hand,
Pickled Oysters, Spiced do., Scotch Herring;
Best Baltimore and Philadelphia Ale; Scotch
Ale; Brown Slout; Newark Cirler; Small Beer

Ale; Brown Stott; Newark Coeff, Small Ber and Cakes; Best Segars, and Prime Cheming To acco. His room is on the corner, adjacing E. M. Ai quith's former store room, where he will be hap to accommodate visiters at all reasonable hours GEO. B. MONROE.

Charlestown, May 1, 1846.

To Country Dealers. I HAVE just fitted up, in the best manner, my establishment in Charlestown, for the manufacture of CANDIES, and will furnish Country Dealers on the most favorable terms. I will war rant all articles manufactured by me, to be equal, in every particular, to that of the best City estab-lishments. Orders of any size will be filled at the shortest notice, and on terms that cannot fail to be advantageous to Dealers in this section of Virgin ia. JOHN F. BLESSING.

May 15, 1846. To the Ladies.

THE subscriber still continues to manufac-ture, at his shop in No. 6, Miller's Row, every description of LADIES' SHOES. His "As I was going," said an Irishman, "over Westminster bridge the other day, I met Pat Hewins. Says I, How are you? Pretty well I thank you, Dolley, says he. Says I, That's not my name. Faith, no more is mine Hewins, says he! So we looked at each other, and faith it turned out to be made at the shortest notice. He has now on hand a large and well selected stock of Morocco, Kid pather of us!" and other materials, expressly suited for Ladies' and Children's Shoes, and he solicits a call from all who are in want.

He will also keep on hand a very general as sortment of Shoes, among others, a good article of Ladies Shoes for 75 cents per pair.

His terms are low, indeed lower than the same

quality of work can be purchased for in the county LORAIN MORSE. Charlestown, April 24, 1846.

Call, Price, and Buy!

HAVE just returned from Baltimore, and am now opening at the Store Room recently ocost fashionable, and altogether most desirable stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.,

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Harpers-Ferry, Va., on the 30th of June, 1846, which, if not taken out by the 30th of September next, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters: John King, 2 S. T. Kerfoot, Sarah Adams,

2 John H. King, H. V. Andrews, William Brown Thos. Lock & Co., Beckworth & Co., Francis Lewis, Nathan Blackmore Mary Ann Lucas, John Lerkin, William Bowen, Dennis Lynch, Classon Boad, Thomas P. Brandon, A. S. Leming, R. C. Luckett, Lewis Bell, George Bond, Michael Breslin, Young Louther, (Germ.) James Mills, William McCoy, Patrick Maguire,

James Martin, John McDonald. Wm. McSherry, George Miller, Mr. Morris, Enoch Mason, William Marberry, John McManis, Treasurer of Jefferson Mr. McGowen, Wm McDenis House John Mullican, Jonathan Manderson, John Dettmyer, Sam'l Derson, Lewis M. Dresenberry, Thomas Malleory, Mary Ann Davis, Mahlon Demory, Jos. W. Miller,

Jos. W. Miller,
Per Meigster, (German,)
N. O. P.
H. A. Nagle,
Edward Nichols,
2 E. J. Denison, David Davis. Miss Laura Dixon. James W. Osborne, Rev. C. M. Davison, M. Overfield. Geo. W. Emerson, Jeremiah Evans, 2 Mrs. Elizabeth Engles, Robert D. Porter, G. W. Peters,

H. P. Easterday, Jos. L. Russell. Francis W Fitzsimmons, John D. Richardson, William J. Rowe, Thornton Forsyth, William J. Foster, Miss Ann Reyard, Michael Reynolds, Israel Russell, Jonathan Russell, Absalom Reynolds, Sarah Fox, Austin Forceyth, Hugh Gilleace,

William Graham, George Swope, William Smith, John Gibson, H S Gallaher & J Orndorff & Co., John L. Straithen Joseph Gangnon, Edw'd L. Gill, Susan H. Sharff, Sam'l Shipley, John T. Stockwell Michael Gertack. Mrs. Catharine Stipes. Miss E. Suter, Thos. Gore, Sam'l Strider, William Saven, Mrs. E. Garrett, Sam'l T. Strider. James W. Harper, Ambrose Sullivan

Henry J. Hamden, T. John Hock, Cary Thompson, Miss Nancy Hill, Lewis Hamilton, Wm. G. Taylor, Thomas Taylor, olomon Heflebower, Smallwood Thompson, William Harris, Miss Harriet Holton, Sarah Tillet, W. Mrs. Sarah W. Hawks, G. W. White, Dr. William Heise,

George Wissinger, Wm. D. Winters, 2 Mrs. Sarah Hoff, Albert Watts, Henry M. Walton, Henry Wade, James Williamson, Patrick Hagan, Hamden & Jones. Mrs. Margaret Head, John Wigand, George W. Woods, John Wonderly, Miss Nancy Johnson, William Jones, Amanda Jacobs John Johnutre, (Germ.) John S. Whaley, Catharine Zimmerman.

William Kennedy, JOHN G. WILSON, P. M. July 3, 1846.

To Farmers and Millers.

THE undersigned has moved from the Ware-House lately rented from Mr. Shepherd's Heirs, into his own large new Stone Ware-House, and is still prepared to forward

GRAIN AND FLOUR, to the District Markets, or to purchase, or make

Jan. 23, 1846-tf. Cash for Negroes.

MHE subscriber is anxious to purchase a large number of Negroes, of both sexes, sound and likely. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will find it to their interest to give him a call before selling, as he will pay the very highest cash

He can be seen at the Berkeley Courts, at Mar tinsburg, on the second Monday, and at Berryville on the fourth Monday in each month, and usualy at his residence in Charlestown. All letters addressed to him will be promptly tended to. WILLIAM CROW.

ttended to. WIL Charlestown, Dec. 5, 1845.

'The Whole of Oregon or None!"

WHILST some of my neighbors would pur-sue a temporizing policy, either as regards the rights of the Union, the claims of their Customers, or the wants of the Farmer, I am for a bold strike, and a "masterly" activity in discharging my duty to all who have, or may patronize me for the future. Yet, whilst others may beat" plough-shares into swords and spears," my bellows blows whole attention has been devoted to this branch of the business, and he feels confident that his work cannot be surpassed by any other establishment plements of the husbandman, so necessary in his

Therefore, all who may wish any article in the BLACKSMITHING LINE, may rest assured that it will be done in the very best manner, and on merely living terms. As to HORSE-SHOE-ING, I am willing to turn a hand with any son of Vulcan, here or elsewhere. And from my experience in this branch of the business, I hope l may continue to receive the liberal encouragement

heretofore extended.

Thankful to all my customers for the support of ast years, I hope by strict attention to busines and a desire to please, to receive a continuance of their favors. HIRAM O'BANNON. Feb. 20, 1846—tf. [F. P. copy.

The Farmer's Friend.

THE undersigned begs leave to return his thanks to those old and tried friends who have so long patronized the shop at present under his management, and would say to them, that for his management, and would say to them, that for the future, it shall have more claims than ever for wear all at once, in order to show that she sticks out enough. Agreeably to her statement, a lady's dressianot considered complete until she has stowed about her in various directions, and for different purposes, no less than twenty-seven different articles of clothing.

Small Farms are certainly more easily improved than large ones, and while the fertility of the soil is thereby increased, the remuneration, the nett gain, is in the inverse reate of each of the soil of will be taken in exchange for work at cash prices.
ALFRED O'BANNON.

SECOND SUPPLY.

Quick Trips, Quick Sales and Small Profits. Quick Trips, Quick Sales and Small Profits.

1. THOMAS would respectfully inform the customers of "The People's Cheap Store," and the public generally, that he has just returned from Baltimere with a second supply of Seasonable Goods, which, in addition to his stock on hand, makes his assortment complete.

As his stock has been selected with reference and stales and small as above.

As his stock has been selected with reference to style and quality, as well as cheapness, he can guarantee all Goods that he sells to be perfect, and what he represents them; and flatters himself that the experience of those who have favored him with their patronage, will acquit him of any attempt to humbug, in saying that Goods can be bought as cheap at his Establishment as in any other in the county.

Amongst his Stock will be found—
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods;
Groceries, Hardware;
Glass, China and Queensware;
Drugs and Medicines;

Drugs and Medicines; Hollow, Tin, Cedar and Earthen Ware; Boots, Shoes, Hats, &c., &c. Halltown, June 12, 1846.

H AVING assumed the business formerly conducted under the name of T. J. W. Sullivan & J. R. White, and having just returned from the East, with a beautiful and complete assort-Gentlemen's Spring & Summer Wear,

ATTENTION. GENTLEMEN!

I would beg leave, respectfully, (without entering into detail,) to inform my friends and the public generally, that I am fully prepared to supply their wants with every thing pertaining to their use, (leaving out Boots and Shoes of course,) in the most durable, neatest, richest, and Cheapest manner. Gentlemen will find it much to their advantage, I am sure, to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am satisfied that I have the ability, as well as the disposition to please, in every particular belonging to the Merchant Tailoring Business. Come and see.

T. J. W. SULLIVAN.

Harpers-Ferry, March 27, 1846.

Harpers-Ferry, March 27, 1846. N. B .- I would ask attention especially, to my very handsome, low, and well assorted stock of Ready-made Spring and Summer Clothing—a fine variety. T. J. W. S. fine variety.

All ye who want Carriages, prepare to Purchase Now!

HAVE on hand a large supply of CARRIA-GES, of the latest and most approved patterns—Coaches, Chariotees, for 4 or 6 persons, Double Rockaways and Single Rockaways, Phætons, Barouches, Buggies and Carryalls, which I will sell very low for Cash, or on a credit of six or twelve months, to suit purchasers. These Carriages are finished in the best manner, and of the best materials. Some of them are upon the Palmer's Patent Axle, which prevents the possiility of the wheels "rattling." All work warranted, and repairing done at the hortest notice.

W. J. HAWKS.

hortest notice. Charlestown, April 3, 1846. BECMBE

NATIONAL DAGUERRIAN GALLERY Photographic Depots, FOUNDED 1840.

WARDED the Medal, Four First Premiums, A and Two Highest Honors by the Institutes of Massachusetts, New York, and Pennsylvania, respectively, for the most beautiful colored Daguerreotypes, and best aparatus ever exhibited. 205 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, adjoining

Campbell's Jewelry Store. Concert Hall, Pennsylvania Avenue, Washingon, D. C. Sycamore street, Petersburg, Va.

No. 251 Broadway, New York. 75 Court street, Boston. 136 Chesnut street, Philadelphia: 56 Canal street New Orleans. 127 Viell Rue du Temple, Paris. 32 Church street, Liverpool. 176 Main street Cincinnati, Ohio. 33 Main street, Louisville, Ky. Market street, St. Louis. Main street, Du Buque. Broadway, Saratoga. Douw's Buildings, Albany.

Middle street, Portland. Main street, Newport.
______, Norfolk, Va.

AT Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson county, the first Monday in June, 1849:

Abraham Vanhorn, AGAINST Henry T. Dean, Executor of Ezekiel Dean, de-ceased, John J. H. Straith, and Samuel H. Alle-IN CHANCERY.

THE Defendant, Henry T. Dean, not having entered his appearance, and given security, according to the Act of Assembly and the Rules of this Court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, that the said Defendant do appear here on the first day of the next Term, and answer the Bill of the Plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some news paper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house, in the said town of Charlestown.

A Copy—Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, Clerk. June 12, 1846-2m.

Whips and Canes.
ADIES and Gentlemen's Riding Whips; Malacca, Hickory and Whalebone Canos.

C. G. STEWART. Another Arrival.

THOMAS RAWLINS is now opening a large additional supply of Goods in his line, to which he invites the attention of the community. Scrap Plates for Sale.

FORTY of the BEAUTIFOL ENGRAVINGS, used in the Lady's Book, will be sent to any person on receipt of One Dollar. They are all from Steel Plates, and are a handsome addition to a Scrap Book. Address, L. A. GODEY, Publishers' Hall, Philadelphia. June 5, 1846.

Mexico Used Up, in Good Time!

W HILST all eyes are directed towards the Seat of War, with the greatest anxiety, hourly expecting to hear of another glorious triumph of the American Arms, Thomas RAWLINS would respectfully lavite the attention of all persons in want of Time, to his new and splendid stock of cheap Brass Clocks. If you want Good Time, you had otter call and try them.

June 12, 1846.

Thomsonian Medicines.

A. Agent of Jefferson county, for the sale of THOMPSONIAN MEDICINES. He will keep constantly on hand a general supply of all the Medicines belonging to the Thomsonian practice, which are nearly put up with printed directions, convenient for retail and family use. Pamphlets, describing the nature and components of the various Medicines, may be had at my Drug Store, Harpers-Ferry, or either of the Printing Offices, Charlestown.

A. M. CRIDLER.

Harpers-Ferry, May 15, 1846.

CAND'S and Cooke's Sarsaparilla—for sale by

SAND'S and Cooke's Sarsaparilla—for sale by May 16. J. H. BEARD.

PROCEEDINGS

OVERSEERS OF THE POOR, OF JEFFERSON COUNTY, June 1st, 1846. O WILLIAM MCMURRAN elected President, and JOHN P. BROWN appointed Clerk of the Board, for

the ensuing term.

PARISH LEVY. The Sheriff of Jefferson County, DR for the following:
To George W. Hammond, acc't allowed November 21, 1845, Wm. McPherson, am't Leonard Sadler do do John Keplinger Charles Harper Thomas Hessey John K. White amt acct do do

do do do do do do Solomon Staley Jacob Line do do
Dr. Vincent Butler, amt salary, physician
in District No. 1, for the year ending
this day,
Dr. John Reynolds same

80 00 Dr. John J. H. Straith, as physician to Poor House and in District No. 2, same time, 40 00 Dr. W. F. Alexander, same 40 00 Dr. W. O. Macoughtry, same Dist No. 3, Dr. M. P. Nelson, same, " " Dr. P. W. P. Stephenson same, " 4 do do do do do do Smith & Grantham A. C. Timberlake

Semoney L. Minghini John F. Smith Dr. W. O. Macoughtry do Wm. McCoy George W. Moler William N. McCoy do do do John G. Wilson do Philip McBride do John Hyatt

5 46 Jacob Snyder levied in hands of Mr. Hessey 25 00
Miss Duke do do same 20 00
Mrs. Edwards do do same 20 00 B. T. Towner, rent for Lewis Duke 12 00 Jacob Smurr, Miss Busey do 12 00 Mrs. Rightstine Mrs. Verner William Yontz, do Daniel Brooks 12 00 Lewis Duke levied in hands of Col. Harper, 20 00 Mrs. Jackson do Two Misses Busey same Mrs. Rightstine same Mrs. Verner do Crane & Sadler amt rec'd

Cemperance Dillow's son in hands of Mr. Keyes & Kearsley amt acct Ann Crane and children levied in hands of Mr. Starry Mrs. Weimer the same

James Allison Mr. Sappington Mary Wilson. same 12.00 Mary Wilson do same 12 00
Miss Rachael Lott do same 20 00
Maria Hutchinson (blind) do Mr. Smith 40 00
Wm. Whitlow and wife (\$20 each) same 40 00
Mrs. Wilburn and 3 children same 35 00
Mrs. McPhillen 8ame 20 00 Mrs. McPhillen Mrs. McFinnen
Mrs. Smiths levied in hands of Mr. Yates 30 00,
Mrs. Watkins levied in bands of Mr. Yates 30 00,
Old Mrs. Watkins do do same 20 06
Betsy Hewitt do do same 30 60
Betsy Hewitt do Wm. Clarke 20 00 Old Mrs. Watkins

Betsy Hewitt do do Wm. Clarke 20/00

High Johnson do Wm. Clarke 20/00

John H. Smith house rent for Mrs. Smithey 12 00

Dr. W. O. Macoughtry do Mrs. Zombro /12 00

do Mrs. McPhilley 12 00

2 50

Charles Barrett amt acct
Mrs. Mercer levied in hands of Dr. Macoughtry Mrs. Castine

do do same Mrs. Zombro do Nancy Hall do do Mr. Gruber Peggy Smith Mrs. Shuck do do same do Mr. Wilson do 20 00 Susan Taylor do do Mrs. Donavin do do Patrick McCabe and wife 25 00 do same same dren do same do Mr. McCoy Mrs. Overton and children, 25 00 Mrs. Yeaman 30.00 Lucy Davis same 20 00 15 00 Thomas Board Mrs. Larkins same John Pearce Miss Sarah Board same do Mr. Mauzy Mrs. Marlatt and 3 children same Mrs. Garrett and child do

Main street, Newport.

————, Norfolk, Va.

III Portraits taken in any weather, in equisite style.

Apparatus, Instructions, and all Materials furnished.

March 20, 1846—19.

Virginia, to wit:

ATI Poles helden in the Clerk's Office of the

Amt Levied June 1 \$1859 88

DR. GEORGE B. BEALL, Treasurer of farmer Board. n account with Overseers of Poor. 1845

Nov. 21, To amt debits per acct \$1404 8 1846 March 27 " amt rec'd of Wm. Cameron 1845 Nov. 21, By amt credits per account \$1233 05

Dec. 12, By amt paid S. Cameron for pork &c., per receipt Dec. 12, By amt paid T. W. Keyes for Corn meal per receipt Dec. 12, By postage March 27, By balance in hand paid Sam'l Cameron for Corn

Doct. John Reynolds and Dr. Vincent Butler re appointed physicians in District No. 1, for the en-

27 39

Suing year at the same salary.

Doct. Wm. F. Alexander and Dr. John J. H. Straith re-appointed physicians to the poor of the Poor-house, and in District No. 2, for the easuing year at the same salary.

Doct. W. O. Macoughtry and Dr. Mann P Nelson re-appointed physicians in District No.

at the same salary.

Doct. G. B. Stephenson and Dr. James Garry appointed physicians in District No. 4, for the en uing year, at a salary of \$30 each. The Superintendents returned 16 white and 2 blacks—in all 18—as the number of poor persons who have recieved assistance in the Poor-house

who have recieved assistance in the Poor-house during the last year.

A committee (Mr. Sappington, Mr. Sarry, Dr. Macoughtry and Mr. Smith) was appointed the advise with, and superintend the Sucremendent, in his purchases for the poor in the Poor-house.

Ordered, That the Treasurer of the Board pay to William McMurran, Charles Harper, Thomas Hessey, George W. Sappington, Joseph Starry, John F. Smith, W. O. Macoughtry, John Gruber, John G. Wilson, William AlcQoy and George Mauzy, each, the sum of one dollar for their services at the Board this day.

Adjourned to meet on Friday the 12th instant.

December next
John P. Brown, clerk, salary, for stationary and annual return to auditor

Eli Conley amt acct
Thomas Hessey rent for Mrs. Edwirds
Mrs. Loudoun and children (in addition to allowance made June I,) in
hands of Col. Harper
John Kable amt acct. Richard Larue and wife in hands of Mr. Mrs. Byrne do do same
Matilda Foreman do do Mr. Starry
Mrs. Witherow do do same
Sappington and Starry amt acct
Leonard Sadler do 10 75
4 90
Doct Gerard F. Mason amt acct
10 78
A. C. Timberlake
Smith & Grantham 82413 13 817 12 83280 25 By 4307 Tithables at 75 qu

8230 25 Ordered, That notice be Ordered, That notice or given through the public newspapers, that the Dolinquents passed at the Board this day, may pay the amount of their levies to the Clerk of the Board, and either of the Overseers of the Poor, on or before the 1st day of September next—all remaining times after that time on the lists, will be advertised.

The Sheriff returned his Delinquent Instant settled the Depositum of 1845 as follows:

By Daniel G. Henkis 87 Delinquents

1845 at 60 cts

1845 at 60 cts / Minor Hurst 15 do 1844 at 65c John W. Moore 86 do 1845 at 60c Benjamin Lucas 64 do 1845 at 60c Robert Lucas 213 do 1845 pt 60c Same 15 do 1840 at 65c

6 pr c/com'n for collecting \$2211 10 Balance due of Depositum of 1845 822 17

8744 91 To amt of Depositum 1845 8744 91

Ordered, That the Treasurer pay to William McMurran, G. W. Sappington, John Kable, Joseph Sfarry, W. O. Macoughtry, John F. Smith, and Jyhn Gruber, each the sum of two dollars, and we William McCoy and George Mauzy each the sum of one dollar for their services at the Board this day and on Friday last.

Ordered, That the Treasurer stand credited by the following:

00 3 52 the following:
June 1, By amt paid 11 members
do 30 00 " 12, " " 15, " " 7 " 9 do Mr. Wilson for Herrings for Poorhouse 5 20 832 25

Signed, William McMurran, Pre'st., John F. Smith, Joseph Starry, George Mauzy, John Kable, William McCoy, John Gruber, W. O. Macoughtry, and George W. Sappington. A true abstract of proceedings. Teste, JOHN P. BROWN, Clerk.

July 3, 1846. GOLDEN MORTAR.

COLDEN MORTAR.

PREEMAN'S Indian Specific, for conglis, colds, &c.

Lyon's horse Liniment, infallible;
Houck's preventive for cholera;
De. Panacca, do. Vegetable Liniment, for the cure of Rheumatism, Gout, Palsy, Ringworm, Itch, Tumors, and all diseases of the Skin;
Chemical Powder for polishing silver plate, and a great variety of other valuable and highly endorsed Chemical and Vegetable preparations, too numerous to mention within the limits of an ordinary advertisement.

dinary advertisement.
When our friends are in need of a remedy, let them call at the sign of the Golden Mortar, Harpers-Ferry. June 5, 1846.

Dress Goods. JUST received, another supply of very hand-some Lawns, Berazes, Ginghams, &c., to which we invite the attention of the Ladies. June 5. WM. S. LOCK.

New Calicoes, &c. JUST received, a new assortment of handsome Calicoes, some very pretty and low price. Handsome Zephyr Shawls: An assortment of low priced Jeans and Cottonsdes for Pants; Jaconet and Swiss Cravats, new style, handsome; Buck Gloves, for harvest; Ribbed, Lisle, Thread, and Prince Albert Gloves;

Fine and low priced Fans, &c.
All of which will be sold very low for cash, or to good punctual customers on short credit.

F. DUNNINGTON. Walper's K Roads, June 12, 1846. Groceries.

THIS way, Farmers! cheap Brown Sugar, Loaf do., Coffee, Molasses, Rice, Chocolate, and many other things suitable for harvest, at the way loyest prices.

CRANE & SADLER. June 5, 1846. Wanted Immediate A NY quantity of Wool, Bacos, Rye, Corn, Beans, Soap, Tallow, Lard, Beeswax, Plank, Shingles, Laths, Wood, or any thing the Farmers lave to trade, for which the best market price will be given in Goods, at low prices, by

May 22.

Miller & TATE.

May 22. Tobacco and Cigars. COMPLETE assertment of Tobacco—12½,
16½, 25, 37½, 59, 62½ and 75 cents per pound.
Havana Segars, génuine imported; half Spanish
and American do; Smoking Tobacco of different
kinds; Snuff, &c., for sale by
June 12. F. DUNNINGTON.

Tice Creams, &c. ADIES and Gentlemen will be furnished with Ice Creams, &c. during the Summer, by calling at the Confectionary of May 22.

J. F. BLESSING. Iron! Iron!!

HAVE now on hand a large assortment of Bar and Plough Irons, Horse-shoe Bars, small round and square Bars, Band and Scollee Iron, Nail Rods, &c. Also,

CASTINGS—Such as Wagon Boxes, Mould Boards, Pots, Kettles, Ovens Skillets, Mortars, Griddles, Sauce Pans, Tea Kettles, Extra Oven and Skillet Lids assorted sizes. All of which I will sell low on a short credit, or give great bargains for the cash.

May 15, 1846.

gains for the cash. May 15, 1846.

May 10, 1840.

MEDICINES.—On hand, a full assortment of Medicines of the best quality. Turkey Opium, Rhubarb, Camphor, Sulphur, Magnesia, Cream Tartar, (lump and calcined,) Calomel, Tartar, Emetic, Antimony, Ipecacuanha, Aloes, Assafosdata, Seidlitz Powders, Camphor, Dentrifice, and Worm Syrup, of the best kind.

An assortment of Drugs and Dye Stuffis.

F. DUNNINGTON.

Walner's
Roads, June 12, 1846. Walper's ⋈ Roads, June 12, 1846.

AT COST! as the Season is advanced.—Six pleces of Berage, beautiful style; 3 Lawn Robes, with a few other Fancy Goods, the remainder of our Spring supply of these Goods. Those who have not supplied themselves will do well to fall and examine them—they are a bargain.

June 19.

June 19.

June 19.

June 19.

PRESERVED GINGER—for sale by May 15. J. H. BEARD. &

MOLASSES; 1 Hogshead N. O. Molasse June 26. Boston Syrap; just received b S, HEFLEBOWER & CO.

多年,2月1月1日

WASHINGTON, July 6, 1846.

SERRATE.—A communication was received from
6 Secretary of War in answer to a resolution
fling for the names of all the officers and printes who were killed or wounded in the battles
the Rio Grande.

The Secretary states that the Department is not
present in possession of the information re-

The bill for the reduction of the tariff was re-sived from the House and read twice, and ordered o be printed.

Mr. Sevier moved to make the bill the special rder for Monday next at one o'clock, and for every ay thereafter until finally disposed of Mr. Evans moved to refer the bill to the moves

Mr. Evans moved to refer the bill to make the committee.

Mr. Sevier opposed the reference of a count of the member of a count of the member of a count of the ment of the member of a count of the ment of the member of a count of the ment of the member of a count of the ment of the member of a count of the ment of the member of a count of the ment of the member of

ngly stay here.
Mr. Mangum signified his intention at a pr

Mr. Mangum signified his intention at a pro-er time to move to fill the vacancy in the com-ittee. He had no doubt but that the presiding of the proper as this unfortunate man has hereto-fore been uniformly represented as laboring under ficer, if it were left to him, would appoint nother member of the same views as the one ab-

Mr. Lewis of the finance committee, was glad hat the motion had been made to make the bill he special order for Monday. It had been his intenion to make the same motion. He was for pushing forward the business of the Senate as fast as

After further debate, the question on Mr. vans' motion to refer the bill to the finance comittee, was negatived by a vote of 22 to 24. It as considered as a test vote. The following is list of the names:

YEAS-Messrs. Archer, Barrow, Cilley, Thom-YEAS—Messrs. Archer, Barrow, Cilley, Thom-Clayton, John M. Clayton, Corwin, Crittenden, 1vis, Evans, Huntington, Jarnagin, Johnson, of L., Johnson, of La., Mangum, Morehett, Niles, arce, Phelps, Simmons, Sturgeon, Upham, oodbridge—22.

Navs—Messrs. Atlen, Ashley, Atchison, Bag-Nenton, Breese, Bright, Calhoun, Cass, Chalirs, Colquit, Dickinson, Fairfield, Hannegan, 1118 (1998). Sevier, Turner, Westcott, Yulee—24.

mple, Sevier, Turner, Westcott, Yulee—24. The motion of Mr. Sevier to make the bill the scial order for Monday next, and every day treafter until disposed of, was then agreed to. Some unimportant matters having been dispos-of, the Senate resumed the consideration of the to reduce and graduate the price of the public

After the reading of some proposed amend-ents, and a brief discussion, the Senate adjourn-

House of Representatives .- Mr. Brinkeroff made a personal explanation relative to the cent article in the Union, upon his course in thing that the Ohio delegation would not vote r the tariff bill, for the reason that Ohio had not dits share of offices, etc. In the article alludto, it is intimated, I think, that Mr. B. was mewhat disappointed because he was not ap-inted a paymaster of the army.

Mr. Washington Hunt said that as personal ex-

anations appeared to be the order of the day, he ould make one himself. It was as follows:

When members strike for higher wages, And claim more "pay and rations, They damn themselves for future ages, Beyond all "personal explanations." Personal explanations were also made by Mes-

Wick and Rathbun. Mr. Dodge on leave, presented a constitution or the State of Iowa, adopted in convention, May, 846. It was referred to the committee on Ter-

tories.

In rules being suspended for the purpose, Mr.
Harly invoduced a joint resolution regulating the

printing o.Congress.

Mr. Garet Davis, from the select committee to inquire whether any; and what change can be made in the pre-ent mode of executing the public printing of Congress, made a long written report

Mr. Davis from the same committee to which was referred the resolution from the Senate on the same subject, reported the same without Mr. Benton from the same committee, made a

minority report.

Mr. Davis made a speech in explanation of the

report, and after further discussion, the reports were all ordered to be printed.

The House then went into committee of the whole, and considered the House bill to reduce and graduate the price of public lands.

Messrs. Bowlin, Smith and McConnell, gave

their views, after which the committee rose Mr. McKay, from the committee on ways and means, reported a bill for the support of volunteers and other troops engaged in the Mexican war, du-

ig the year 1847.
Also, from the same committee, a bill authorizg the issue of Treasury Notes for such sums as ge exigencies of the Government may require, ad in the place of such as have been redeemed, cause others to be issued, but not exceeding the im of ten millions of dollars of this emission, tatanding at any one time and to be issued and itstanding at any one time, and to be issued un-in the limitations of the act of Oct. 1837, except at the authority to issue Treasury Notes shall pire at the end of one year from the passage of is act.

Sec. 2 provides, that if the President shall see the may contract for a portion of the amount by load, and issue therefor United States stock unit the limitations of the Act of 1842, provided at the whole amount of Treasury Notes and not ahall not exceed ten millions of dollars, and at no commission shall be allowed for theategoation of the loan; also that the said stock shall redeemable at a period not longer than ten are from the issue thereof. The rate of intert to be six per cent, and no part thereof to be sposed of at less than par. No salaried clerk to ceive any extra compensation for signing or pre-ting such Treasury notes, nor shall any extra be employed beyond those already provided by law.

The bills were twice read and referred. ec. 2 provides, that if the President shall see

bills were twice read and referred. House then adjourned.

Puesday, the only business of importance up in either House, was the bill to reduce thate the price of the public lands.

Arrival of the Steamship Britannia.

15 DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Reception of the Victories of General Taylor— Feeling relative thereto in England and France—Death of the Pope of Rome—Passage of the Corn Bill, &c.

The steamship Britannia arrived at Boston on Saturday morning. turday morning.
The news is of considerable importance, and

The news is of considerable importance, and very interesting, particularly so far as relates to the reception of the news of the victories of Gen. Taylor on the Rio Grande.

The corn bill has triumphed in the committee of the whole in the House of Lords by a majority of mirty-three. Consequently all fears as to its mal passage are at an end, and, a rich market for our superabundant crops of breadstuffs may now be confidently anticipated.

There has been a decline of one eighth pence in the Cotton market, though the demand continued steady.

ued steady.
In England and Ireland the wheat and potatoe, as well as other crops, have a fine and posatoe, as well as other crops, have a fine and prosperous appearance, and the prospect of a plentiful har vest was considered good on the 19th ult., when the Britannia sailed. It seems, therefore, that we have monopolized all the rain in this direction, unless the storm clouds have paid them a later

Sir Robert Peel's retirement is more confidently

wist.

Sir Robert Peel's retirement is more confidently spoken of than by former arrivals—there is, however, in the committee could not examine and report on it in these than three weeks. Again, if the embers of the committee should be equally divided in opinion the bill would not be reported at the three being an equal number at present on the immittee. He was therefore opinion on the subject. He was therefore opinion on the subject in the form of the subject of the form of the form of the subject of the form of the for

sal surprise, as this unfortunate man has hereto-

Death of the Pope of Rome.—His Holiness, the Pope of Rome is dead, having expired suddenly on the 1st of June. Cardinal Franzoni, it is said, is the person most likely to succeed him.

The heat was greater in Paris the week before the table of June Han for some years. The there

the 15th of June than for some years. The ther-mometer marked, in the shade, 881d. of Faren-heit. The English papers speak of the month of June being the bottest experienced in that country for sixteen years. The number of deaths recorded from being struck by the sur is very numerous. Appreheusions were entertained in Holland of a failure of the tye and potatoe crop.

Trance.—In the Chamber of Deputies the Minister of Marine, in reference to the war between the United States and Mexico, was asked if he intended to telerate the extreme abuse which the

intended to tolerate the extreme abuse which the Mexicans appeared disposed to make of their letters of manue. The Minister replied that the principle which guided the ministry in reference to the corsairs was that for a ship to have the right to sail under the French flag, the captain, the officers, and two thirds of her crew must be the officers, and two thirds of her crew must be French. Neverthiless in certain circumstances it was sufficient if three-fifths of the crew were French. It was on such conditions that letters of marque were delivered in time of war to vessels sailing under the French flag. The circumstances which constituted piracy were determined by the laws of 1825, which are, that a vessel must be found in the presise condition defined by that law to be reputed wrates. But in case that law to be reputed pirates. But in case French vessels of war were ordered to cruise in places in which French commerce needed protecion, and if the captain of thus vessels of war were to meet a ship which sailed in der a foreign flag, and should have a captain, officiers, and majority of the crew not belonging to that nation, there would be just motive of suspicion, and the captains of such vessels of war ought to protect the interests of their country. It was only for French tribunals in the ports of France to decide the veriuable Real and Personal Property will be found offered

table situation of the ship referred to.

Russia—Persecution of the Jews.—Vast preparations are making for the marriage of the Emperor's daughter with the Prince of Volga. Poland is encumbered with troops. The Emperor of Russia has published a ukase ordering all the Jews in President of the few follows. Russia to place themselves in one of the four fol-lowing classes:—1st, amongst the burgesses of the town by the purchase of a piece of land, or a liouse; 2d, in one of the three corporations of Trasby; 3d, in a corporation of artizans, after having given the proofs of ability required by law; 4th, in the grand body of tillers, whether on their own property or owned by others. They must place themselves, by the appointed time, in one of the classes, and are to be subjected to restrictive

measures. MARKETS.

EUROFEAN CORN TRADE.—LONDON.—Since the sailing of the last Boston steamship, the grain trade has been without much animation, few transactions have taken place, as both holders and purchasers have acted with catsion, pending the decision of the House of Lords on the corn bill. The supplies of free wheat have been only to almoderate extent. A better demand has lately sprung up. Accordingly, on Mondey last, the 15th June, prices advanced from 2s. to 3s., and, in some instances, 4s. per quarter. Flour meets a ready sale, but the value is unimproved, on the 17th no advance could be obtained.—It onded wheat was held for late rates, but the demand is almost exclusively confined to low descriptions for exportation. MARKETS.

almost exclusively confined to low descriptions for exportation

Liverroox.—Since our last publication there has been a good supply of free wheat brought to market; and during the early part of the month, prices declined 4d, per 70 description beat, and is, per bbl. on flour. Indian corn is lower, maying resided from 1s, to 2s, per quarter at our last market. With the exception of the latter there was an ton loved demand for almost all the articles of the traits of the 16th inst.

Influenced by the rise in London on the previous day, fresh qualities of free wheat assumed rather more firmness than of late, with a moderate but not lively demand, and realized an advance of 2d and 3d per 70 lbs. upon the rates of that day week; inferior descriptions remaining wholly unimproved in value. Irish and duty paid Canadian flour, being in good request commanded an advance of 1s, per sack and 1s, per bbl. Holders of bonded wheat, requiring higher prices, no sales transpind; of State flour, however, several further parcels have changed hands, New Orleans, Virginia and Philadelphia at 21s to 21s 6d, and Western at 23s to 23s 6d per bbl.

WAGON MAKING.

THE indersigned most respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the shop lately erected by G. S. Gardner, and nearly adjoining his Smith Shop, where he is prepared to carry on the

. July 10, 1846-3t.

In my line in the best manner, and on terms that cannot fall to sait all reasonable persons.

G. St GARDNER.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET

BALTIMORE MARKET—
From the Baltimore Sun of Wednesday,
CATTLE—Abont 175 hand were sold to city butchers
it prices ranging from 4 to \$575 net, according to quality.
HOGS—Sales at 450 a \$5 per 100 lbs.
FLOUR—The flour market, has been much depressed
or some time, but a better feeling now prevails, in consequence of an apprehension that the present whear crop
may fall short, owing to the injury it has sustained from
he wet weather. Sales of strictly fresh ground Howard
t, at \$4, and of April and May inspection at 3 814 a \$3
74. Sales of fresh ground city mills at \$425. Nothing
loing in Susquehanna, which is held at 4 a \$4 124. Rye
lour \$2.75. Md. Corn meal \$2.874, old Brandywine \$2
5, and Pa. \$2.624.

lour 52 75. Md. Corn ment \$2.57, on grainlywine \$2.52, and Fa. 82 624.

GRAIN—The receipts of all kinds are very light.—
Very little Wheat in market; we quots good to prime
dd. reds at 85 a 89 cents, with sales. White Corn 53 a
4 cts., and yellow 55. Oats 26 a 27 cts. Rye 64 R65,
BACON—Shoulders 4 a 41, sides 54 a 52, assorted 5 a
b), and hams 5 a 7 cts.

WHISKEY—In bbls. 22 cts, and in hlds. 21 cents.

TRADE AND BUSINESS.

TRADE AND BUSINESS.

At New York, on Monday, the sales of cotton did not exceed 500 bales, at former prices. Michigan flour sold at 3 87 a \$4, and good brands Genesae at \$1061. Georgetown is held at \$4 121.

At Philadelphia, on Monday, cotton was selling at previous prices. Flour—sales of fair shipping brands were made at \$3 814, and recent inspected and fresh ground parcels were held at 3 874 a \$4. Receipts of grain light; Pa. red Wheats brought 91 a 92 cents, and white 95,—Southern yellow corn sold at 52 cts. Common dats sold at 30 cts. Whiskey steady at 21 cents.

MAIRIRIED.

At Gaywood, Clarke county, Va., on the 11th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Wilmer, Mr. MARSHALL L. HARRIS, of Amherst, to Miss Julia, daughter of the late Dr. Robert Berkeley.

Berkeley.
On Tuesday morning last, by the Rev. Mr. O'Brien, Mr. James Quigo, of Mount Savage, Md., to Miss Mary Firzsimmons, of Harpers-Ferry, Va.
On the 25th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Eggleston, Mr. Henry E Stanley to Miss Louisa E. Berry, both of Washington, in the Company of t

At Burkittsville, Frederick county, Md., on the 25th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Mouer, J. S. Carren, Esq., of Leesburg, Va., to Miss ELIZABETH OHR Cost, of the former plane.

On the 25th ult by the Rev. Thos. Birkby, Mr. Henderson Bishop to Miss Elizabeth Campbell, all of Loudoun.

DIED.

On June 29th, Mr. James G. Ficklen, in the 52d year of his age. The deceased was a man of strict moral in-tegrity, and prompt and systematic in his business trans-

on the 28th ult. Mr. WM. JOHLIFFS, Scin, in year of his age.
On the 29th June, at St. Bernard, his residence, in Fauquier county, Thomas B. Tonnen, Esq., in the 46th year of his age. Beloved by his relatives and friends, and endeared to a large circle of acquaintances by his refined, generous and hospitable feelings, his death must be single-larg

Miseellaneous Notices.

Our 2d volume expires with this paper. For two years he proprietor has endeavored to discharge his duty to his patrons by furnishing them weekly with his journal. No labor of the head or hand—no effort or no sacrifice has been thought too great, if he could thereby add interest to his paper and render satisfaction to his readers. He has now discharged his duty—with what degree of he has expended his money and his labor in the effort, and by the obligation resting upon his patrons, has to look to them to be recompensed. The accounts of a newspaper office are so numerous, scattered, too, far and wide, that in many cases the honesty of the debtor is the only guaranty of its collection. To those, we have forwarded our accounts, and shall hope to receive a speedy answer. Those of our friends living in the county, who know themselves indebted, can call upon our Agents at Har-pers-Ferry, Smithfield, Shepherdstown, &c., and square accounts. Or, we shall be most happy to see them at our own Office. If this is not done, we shall be under the disagreeable necessity of waiting on them personally. The amount is so small to each individual subscriber, that he may think it a matter of no importance. If you were the only one, such would be the case. But there are hundreds, and by these small sums alone, can we expect to pay the heavy expenses incident to a Printing Office. Those who are truly friends of the paper, will certainly want no other inducement to pay their indebtedness, than to know that we are in want. No matter what may be the business of our office, if we are not paid for it, it will be of but little benefit. Believing, therefore, that our accounts have been suffered to accumulate, more from neglect than any disposition to keep back their payment, we doubt not our friends will speedily come forward, and thereby cheer on the Printer in the discharge of his duty. SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON OFFICE, July 10, 1846.

SALE MEMORANDA.

for sale during the present and coming week:

for sale during the present and coming week:

On Friday, (to-day,) at Harpers-Ferry, G. B. Wager, Eq., as Adm'r of R. D. Doran, will offer the stock of Mychandize, &c., belonging to said Doran.

On to-morrow, (Saturday,) in Shepherdstown, that valuable property, known as the "Potomac Mills," will be silered at public sale by the Trustees and Commissioners. At the same time and place, Henry Berry, Comm'r, will offer the Farm belonging to Geo. Reynolds, and containing 300 Acres prime Jefferson Land.

On Monday, 20th instant (Court Law, Palest V. Geo.

taining 300 Acres prime Jefferson Land.

On Monday, 20th instant, (Court-day,) Robert Y. Conrad and Admind Penulleton, Special Commissioners, will offer a Test of Land belonging to the heirs of Benjamin Melvin, and containing 175 Acres.

On the same day, Wm. B. Thompson, Agent for Jos. S. Duckwall, will offer the interest of the said Duckwall in two Tracts of Land, one lying in Jefferson and the other in Clarke centy.

On the first Mo day in August, Mr. James Walling will offer at public ale, all the valuable Furniture belowing to the "Virguia Hotel," Harpers-Ferry. As the gals of this Furniture will take place without reserve, it will be well worthy the attention of purchasers, It is mostly new, and much of it of the best quality.

Camp Meeting.

Camp Meeting.

A Camp Meeting for Beraeley Circuit, Methodist E. Church, will be held on the land known as the "Aldridge Woods," near the road leading to Winchester, about 14 miles from Martinsburg, to commence August 14th, 1846.

The members and friends, from adjoining Circuits and Stations, are respectfully invited to attend. Saturday, August 1st, is the day appointed for arranging the ground, and it is particularly desired that a general attendance will take pace, to perform the necessary work.

6.7 All persons are hereby notified, that as the proprietors of the lands adjoining the ground, have secured to the committed the necessary privileges, no persons will be allowed to interrupt the services of the meeting by vending any articles whatever, on or near the camp.

And all persons are warned not to trespass upon the adjoining farms, by crossing the fields, or injuring the timber or fences.

July 10.



Grand Dedication and Procession. TIRGINIA LODGE, No. 1, of the I. O. O. F.

TIRGINIA LODGE, No. 1, of the I. O. O. F. at Harpers-Forry, Va., hereby notifies her sister Lodges, and all members in regular standing that her New Hall will be Dedicated with all the ceremonies, on SATURDAY the 25th of July, instant. The procession will be formed at 11 o'clock, precisely, and at 12 o'clock, Addresses will be delivered by P. G. M. SAMUEL YORK ATLEE, and the Hall Will's P. MANGUM, of the United States Senate, a member of the Order.

All Prethren in regular standing are not seen

All Brethren in regular standing are most cor-dially invited to be present. A brotherly wel-come will be extended to all who may honor us with a visit.

JOSEPH R. WHITE, JAS A. FITZSIMMONS, WILLIAM TURKE, JAMES MERRICK, Sen., JOHN LLEWELLEN, Committee of Arrangements,

July 10, 1846-tp. FLY NET'S for Harness horses, for hale a
E. M. AISQUITHS. NOTICE.

A GENERAL meeting of the Stockholders in the "Shenandoah Bridge at Harpers-Ferry," will be held at the Company's Office, on Saturday the 1st day of August next. A full attendance is required, as an election of Officers for the ensuing year, and other business of importance will come before the meeting.

GEORGE MAUZY, Sec'y.

June 10, 1846. A CARD.

JOHN A. B. HARDING, again offers his services to the citizens of Charlestown, as an Instructor of Youth, and in doing so he publicly announces his intention to banish the birch and ferrule from his School, except in cases of extreme need, as the ultimatum for suppressing insurgent passions, when every other means of correction has been resorted to in vain. Instead of these he will rely upon commendation and re-wards as stimulants to excite his pupils to emula-tion in the pursuit of learning, and urge them upward in the acquisition of knowledge; and admonition, reproof, expostulation, reprimand, as preventives to hold them in restraint and deter reventives to hold them in restraint and deter from a retrograde course. In fine, every art of persuasion shall be reserted to, every incentive brought into active requisition to excite unison of feeling and concert of action between the teacher and his pupils—the great Eurcika in the science of instructing. He is aware that in attempting to verify the experiment he must constantly apply copious sprinklings of cool patience as a damper to his own calorick temperament, and he vows to do it.

Many will think this a sudden transformation of opinion and feeling; yet it is the result of mature thought and calm consideration, and the word of the public's humble servant is here pledged to test and ascertain its truth. With such assurances will this generous people sustain him?

N. B. The School will be opened on the 3rd of August, proximo, and a Fernale being associated in the business, whose province will be merely to supervise the deportment of the girls, and prepare them for recitation, Scholars of both sexes are invited to attend.

STOP THEE ROBBERS!

Banks—the denomination of the notes not all recollected, but there was three \$100 bills, and several \$30's and \$50's among them.

The time of the robbery was about dusk,—an attack was made on me from behind, by three rough, stalwart looking white men. I was dragged from my horse, seized by the throat, and whilst one abstracted the money the others kept me gagged. I could make no resistance, my pistol failing to go off, though I made several efforts to discharge it. During the scuffle, my dog seized one or more of the robbers, and muy have left a mark sufficient for his detection. As soon as the money had been obtained, the robbers took to the money had been obtained, the robbers took to the woods, and left me to proceed on my journey. I can give no fuller description of the men, having never before seen them, being an entire stranger in the section of country through which I was

passing.

A liberal reward will be paid for the detection of the robbers and the recovery of the money. And it is hoped the citizens of Fairfax may feel sufficient interest in a young and friendless stranger than the result their county, to render some litpassing through their county, to render some little exertions to bring them to an accountability, and restore the money to its rightful owner.

ANDREW WESTLAKE.

Residence—Near Canton, Stark County, Ohio.
July 10, 1846—3t*.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber intending to leave the Virginia Hotel, will offer at public sale, without reserve, on MONDAY the 3rd day of August next, all the new and valuable

Furniture,

belonging to that Hotel. Among other articles the following may be found:— 25 Feather Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding; 25 Feather Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding;
12 Matrasses, nearly new; 2 dozen Wash-stands;
3 dozen Bowls and Pitchers;
2 dozen Looking Glasses, 2 large Parlor do;
4 dozen Window Curtains, Oll and Fancy; Dining Room and Parlor Th

2 large Cooking Stoves; 6 dozen Knives and Forks 6 dozen Plates;
6 Castors, Salt-sellars, Ture on Buter-plates;
6 dozen Cups and Saucers; Walters;
Table Cloths, Table Spreads;

6 dozen Tumblers; A number of large Pots, Dutch Ovens, Skillets, and Cooking Utensils generally. Bar Furniture, as follows:

Decanters, Tumblers, Demijohns, Jugs, large the stone Jars, 1 Clock, Lamps, Candlesticks, Casks of different sizes, and a great variety of articles not

which are several Brood Sows.

Terms of Sale:—All sums under \$10, Cash; above that sum, three months credit, with approved security.

JAMES WALLING. proved security. JAMES Harpers-Ferry, July 10, 1846.

N. B.—All persons knowing themselves indebted to me, will please come forward without delay, and settle their bills.

J. WALLING.

STRAY HOGS.

STRAYED from the subscriber, 8 or 10 weeks ago, SIX SHOATS,—white with some few black spots, supposed to weigh from 60 to 70 lbs., marked with an under-bit out of each ear. They are supposed to be in the neighborhood of Cat-tail Any information left at either of the Printing Offices in Charlestown will be thankfully re-ceived. WM. HOOFF.

Trustee's Sale.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to the undersigned, on the 10th day of August, 1835, by Richard Hurdle, and of record in the Clerk's office of the County of Loudoun, to secure a certain sum of money therein specified as due to Martin Grace, I shall proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, on Saturday, 5th day of September, next,

A There is to the intersection of Hite's road with the rail road, thence up Hite's road to the line of No. 9, thence with the same and No. 10, to a point in the line of No. 11, which line runs from the head spring of Lucas' run to the mouth of Elk Branch, striking said road about three quarters of a mile S. E. of McShan's ferry road, thence with the rail road, thence up Hite's road to the line of No. 9, thence with the same and No. 10, to a point in the line of No. 11, which line runs from the head spring of Lucas' run to the mouth of Elk Branch, striking said road about three quarters of a mile S. E. of McShan's ferry road, thence with the same and No. 10, to a point in the line of No. 11, to the beginning.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

Reginning

A House and Lot,

in Loudoun County, Va., lying West of the "Short Hill," and fully described in said Deed of Trust. Such title as is vested in me, as Trustee, will be conveyed to the purchaser.

UT Sale will take place on the premises, and the terms thereof be made known on the day of Sale. SAMUEL GIBSON, Trustee.
July 3, 1846. Cheaper than Ever.

DARLING'S Grain Scythes for \$1,25, warranted; 2 Cradles and Scythes to suit at \$375, do White and black scythe Rifles at 6 cents; Whetstones, best article at 8 cents; Strong Rio Coffee, Molasses, Sugar, and Tea, good and cheap, for sale at both Stores by July 3.

F. DUNNINGTON.

Fruit, Prait.

Boxes fresh Portorice Oranges;
3 do. do. Lemens;
6 do. Muscatell Raisins, just received by
June 26. S. HEFLEHOWFR & CO. SHOES.—A large supply just received, and for sale very low, by S. HEPLERGYTE. SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

Beginning on the Potomac river at to of the stream which issues from W spring, corner of Berkeley and Jefferson thence down the said river to a point above Shepherdstown; thence by a dire a point in the Berkeley line, one mile belocop's spring; thence with Berkeley of the beginning.

SECOND DISTRICT.

BECOND DISTRICT.

Deginning at a point on the Potomac mile above Shepherdstown, corner to No. with the same to the Berkeley line, interone mile below Winecoop's spring; the said line to said spring, a corner to No. with the same by a direct line to the he of Lucas's run, corner of Nos. 10 and 11 with No. 11 along said stream to the river—thence with the Potomac to the beautiful to the same by a direct line to the beautiful no.

August, proximo, and a Female being associated in the business, whose province will be merely to supervise the deportment of the girls, and prepare them for recitation, Scholars of both sexes are invited to attend.

STOP THE ROBBERS!

ON Friday evening last, 3rd instant, as the undersigned was travelling from Warrenton, Va., to the District, he was attacked in Fairfax county, and robbed of Ten Hundred and Fifty Dollars. This money was enclosed in a black leather pocket-book, with silver on the ends, and the subscriber's name printed on the inside. The money was mostly on Virginia and Maryland Banks—the denomination of the notes not all recollected, but there was three \$100 bills, and sev-

Clarke and Jefferson, on the Opequon; thence with Clarke county to a stone in the Berryville road, on the farm of Mr. T. F. Nelson, corner to No. 7; thence with the same to the corner of No. 5; thence with the same to the Opequon; thence with the Opequon to the beginning.

SEVENTH DISTRICT. Beginning at a stone in till-line of Clarke county, in the Berryville road, on the farm of Mr. Thos. F. Nelson, corner to No. 6; thence with said road to the Winchester road at Lupton's store, corner to No. 8; thence with the same by a direct line to a spring at the White House; thence down the stream to Smith's Mill, a corner to No. 19; thence with the same by a direct line, to the line of Clarke county, striking the same midway between the

county, striking the same midway between the corner of No. 6 and the Shenandoah river on the farm of Mr. Charles McCormick: thence with the

county line to the beginning EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Beginning at Smith's mill, on the Bullskin, a corner to Nos. 7, and 19, and 18; thence with the last by a direct line to Cameron's spring, continuing the same course to the turnpike; thence with the same to the road that leads to Pultz's ford and Battletown; thence with the road toward Battletown, to the Winchester road at Lupton's store; thence to the White House spring; thence down the stream to the beginning.

the stream to the beginning.

NINTH DISTRICT. Beginning at the 13th mile post on the Smithintersection of the warm spring road with the Charlestown and Shepherdstown road; thence with the warm spring road to the cross roads, near the late Pavid Moore's, corner to No. 3; thence and Pad Locks, Trunk and Stock Locks; Bed-rollers, Bureau Knobs; Britania Tee and Table Spoons, Iron do.;

TENTH DISTRICT.

Beginning at the head spring of Lucas's run, corner to Nos. 2 and 3; thence with the last to the crass run heaf David Moore's, corner to No. 9, hence the same down the warm spring road of the interestion of the same with the Charle town and Shemherdstown road, corner to No. 12; thence with the same to the line of No. 11, which line runs from the mouth of Elk Branch to the head spring of Lucas's run, striking said line about three quarters of a mile ALSO—1 Horse and a lot of Hogs, among striking said line about three quarters of a mile shich are several Brood Sows. with said line of No. 11, to the beginning.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT. Beginning at the head spring of Lucas' run, cor ner to No's 10, 3, and 2, thence down said run to the Potomac river, thence with said river to the mouth of Elk Branch, corner to No. 12, thence with the same and No. 10, a direct line to the be-

ginning. TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Beginning at the mouth of Elk Branch on the Potomac river, corner to No. 13, thence up said Branch to the Keyes' ferry road, thence with said road to the corner of Alstadt and Chapline, thence at right angles with said road to the river, thene up the river to the mouth of Cat-tail run, thence up the same to Foreman's spring, thence by a di-rect line to the intersection of Hite's road with

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

Beginning at the mouth of the Elk Branch and running thence up the same to the Keyes' ferry or road, thence with the same to the corner of Alstadt and Chapline, thence at right angles to said road to the river, thence down the same to the Government corner, near Mr. Roach's house, thence with the Government line to another corner, a pig iron on the south side of Washington street, thence striking the Potomac at right angles, thence up the river to the beginning.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT. Beginning at the Government corner at or near ne lower end of Mr. Roach's house, on the Shenthe lower end of Mr. Roach's house, on the Shen-andoah river, thence with the Government line to another corner, a pig-iron, on the south side of Washington street, thence striking the Potomac river at right angles, thence down the river to the corner of Loudoun county, thence with the same to No. 15, thence with the same to the Shenan-doah, thence crossing the river to 18, thence down the river to the beginning.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT. Beginning on the east bank of Shenandoah, at Hammond's Ferry, thence down the river to a point two miles above the mouth of the same, thence striking the Loudoun line at right angles, thence with the same to a point opposite Hammond's Ferry thance 'a direction of the same to a point opposite Hammond's Ferry thance 'a direction of the same to a point opposite Hammond's Ferry thance 'a direction of the same to a point opposite Hammond's Ferry thance 'a direction of the same to a point opposite Hammond's Ferry thance 'a direction of the same to a point opposite Hammond's Ferry thance 'a direction of the same to a point opposite Hammond's Ferry thance 'a direction of the same to a point opposite Hammond's Ferry thance 'a direction opposite Hammond's Ferry thance 'a direction opposite Hammond's Ferry than oppo

WILLIAM GRANTHAM;

RICHARD WILLIAMS; H. N. GALLAHER.

MERCHANDIZE AT AUCTION

On Friday the 10th day of July Drillings, Heavy Osnaburgs and Bagging; Linen Drillings and Burlaps; Linen and Cotton Diapers; brown and bleached Muslins; heavy Bed-ticking; Domestic Cotton, plaid and striped; Checks, Ginghams; Silk, Cotton and Gingham Hdkfs.; Calicoes, Lawns, Mouselin de Laines, Chusans, Shellow, Mosies, Alexander California, Lawns, Mouselin de Laines, Chusans, Shellow, Mosies, Alexander California, Lawns, Mosies, California, Lawns, Mosies, Alexander California, California, Lawns, Mosies, Alexander California, Californi Calcoes, Lawns, Mouselin de Laines, Chusans, Shalleys, Merinos, Alpaccas, Cambricks; Jaconet, Book, Mull and Swiss Muslins; Lisle Lace and Edgings, Thread Lace and Edgings; bl'k, blue black and fancy Silks,; Silk and Worsted Bind-ings; Silk Sewings, spool and skein Cotton, Patent Thread; Pins, Needles, Hooks and Eyes, silk, velvet, lasting, gilt and pearl Buttons; silk, cotton, buckskin and kid Gloves; Pic-nic Halt-handers; worsted and lambswool Hose, Men's Halt-hose, Ladies' white and black silk Hose; silk Scarfs, Shawls and Mantillas, cotton and worsted Shawls; black silk Serge; Silk, Velvet, Cashmere, Valentian Mantillas, cotton and worsted Shawls; tia, Marseilles and other Vestings; Bonnet Ribbons and Flowers; Irish Linen, Wadding, Candlewick, Wrapping Thread, Shoe Thread, Carpet Chain, Webbing, Carpeting; Palmleaf, Silk, Russia, Beaver and Wool Hats;

Men's, boy's and children's Cloth and Velvet Caps; Kid, Morocco and Caliskin Shoes, for Ladies; Men's fine and coarse Shoes and Boots; luty. 12 dozen Chairs, assorted, all nearly new; 300 Yards Carpeting, nearly new; 2 Sofas, five Bureaus; 12 fancy fire Fenders, 4 pair Shovel and Tongs; thence with the line of lots No. 17 and 12, to the 13th mile post on the Smith 12 dozen Chairs, assorted, all nearly new; 300 Yards Carpeting, nearly new; 5 field, Charlestown and Harpers-Ferry turnpike, with the line of the corporation of Charlestown; 5 Sprigs, Butt Hinges, Table and Parliament hinges; 6 thence with the line of lots No. 17 and 12, to the 13th mile post on the Smith 12 dozen Chairs, assorted, all nearly new; 6 field, Charlestown and Harpers-Ferry turnpike, 8 or and chairs since and coarse Shoes and Books; 6 field, Charlestown and Harpers-Ferry turnpike, 8 or and chairs, assorted, all nearly new; 7 field, Charlestown and Harpers-Ferry turnpike, 8 or and chairs, assorted, all nearly new; 8 field, Charlestown and Harpers-Ferry turnpike, 8 or and chairs, assorted, all nearly new; 12 dozen Chairs, assorted, all nearly new; 13 field, Charlestown and Harpers-Ferry turnpike, 8 or and chairs since and coarse Shoes and Books; 14 field, Charlestown and Harpers-Ferry turnpike, 8 or and chairs since since sand Books; 15 field, Charlestown and Harpers-Ferry turnpike, 16 field, Charlestown and Harpers-Ferry turnpike, 18 or and chairs, 18 or and chairs,

Britania Tea and Table Spoons, Iron do.; Knives and Forks, Pen knives, Scissors, Razors; Razor Strops, Shaving Boxes and Brushes; Spectacles, Shaving Soap, Tape Lines; Squares and Compasses, Coffee Mills; Horse Cards, Curry Combs, Dog Chains, Trace Chains, Halter Chains, Back Chains;

Tin and Brass Candle Sticks, Mason Trowels; Wood Saws, Hand Saws, Hammers, Hatchets; Planes, Plane-bitts, Braces and Bitts; Door and Window Bolts, Powder Flasks, Pistols; Door and Window Bolts, Powder Flasks, Pistols;
Spickets, Meal Sifters, Drawing Knives;
Hay-knives, Spades, Mouse-traps, Mould Boards;
A large assortment of Castings, Flat Irons, Stew
Pans, Andirons, Cradling Scythes, Cart Saddles;
Files, Rasps, Two-foot Rules, Gimlets, Bridle
Bitts, Riding Whips and Spurs;
Tin Pans, Water Buckets, Coffee Pots, Tin Caps,
Gallon, half-gallon, quart and pint Measures;
Lanterns, Oil-cans, Candle-moulds, Ladles, Skimmers, Graters:

mers, Graters; Dishes, Plates, Pitchers, Bowls, Vegetable Dishes, Wash Bowls, Tureens, Cups and Saucers, Tea-pots, Cream Jugs, China Tea Setts; Mantle Ornaments, Lustre Mugs, Ale Glasses; Wine Glasses; Plain and Cut Tumblers; Glass Plates, Decanters, Jelly Glasses, Glass

Lanps;
Milk Crocks, Dishes, Pie-pans, Flower Pots;
Ropes, Plough Lines, Bed-cords, Mason's Lines;
Counter, Sweeping, Dusting and Horse Brushes.

Groceries,

Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Pepper, Allspice, Ginger, Cloves, Tea, Salt, Soap, and many other articles in the Grocery line.

A great variety of Paint Stuffs;
A large number of Looking Glasses, and also a lot of Window Glass;

Paper and Ink, and Wall Paper; and a great variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., and to continue from day to day until the whole shall

have been disposed of.
Terms of Sale.—All sums of \$20 and under, Cash; over \$20 and under \$100, four months credit; all sums over \$100, six months credit—the purchasers giving notes with good security, bearing interest.

All persons indebted to the estate of the deceased, are requested to make immediate payment. Those having claims against it will please present

them for payment.

GERARD B. WAGER Adm'r.

of R. D. Doran, decease.

Harpere-Ferry, June 26, 1846.

New Goods.

THE undersigned are just receiving from the Baltimore and Philadelphia markets a large supply of Prints, Plaids, Ginghams, Cashmeres, Mits, &c., which will be sold low, by

June 26. S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.

BACON, &c.—Just received, a lot of midlings and hams, very cheap; Good New Orleans Molasses;

A new lot of Tinware, Queensware, &c.;
A superior article of Polyago for 25 cents; Teewwy, July 2 F. DUSNINGTON